

# IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

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	EnDat 2.1 according to Heidenhain standard (5 V supply voltage)	
	1V <sub>pp</sub> according to Heidenhain standard (5 V supply voltage)	
	1V <sub>pp</sub> (12 V supply voltage)	
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	TTL (12 V supply voltage)	
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# 1 Introduction

# 1.1 Documentation

# 1.1.1 Changes

Changes in comparison to previous edition

Chapter	Changes	
Introduction	Updated overview of documentations	
Rexroth IndraDrive control sections	<ul><li>Added CSH02.xB-ET control section</li><li>Updated type code</li></ul>	
Optional connection points	<ul> <li>Added "Safe Motion Bus" (SB) safety technology</li> <li>Removed "Safe Stop 1" (S0) safety technology</li> <li>Changed name of S5 option: "Safe Motion" instead of "Safe Motion Enhanced"</li> </ul>	
Technical data - functions	Multi-Ethernet: Updated LED displays	
Technical data - other	Added shield connection for analog inputs/outputs	
Accessories	Added HAT02	

Tab. 1-1: Changes

#### 1.1.2 Overview - documentations

## Drive systems, system components

Title	Type of documentation	Document typecode <sup>1)</sup>	Material number
Rexroth IndraDrive		DOK-INDRV*	R911
Drive Systems with HMV01/02 HMS01/02, HMD01, HCS02/03	Project Planning Manual	SYSTEM****-PRxx-EN-P	309636
Supply Units, Power Sections HMV, HMS, HMD, HCS02, HCS03	Project Planning Manual	HMV-S-D+HCS-PRxx-EN-P	318790
Drive Controllers HCS04.2E	Project Planning Manual	HCS04.2****-PRxx-EN-P	327334
ML, Drive Systems with HMU05	Project Planning Manual	Hxx05*****-PRxx-EN-P	344279
Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02	Project Planning Manual	CSx02-CDB02-PRxx-EN-P	338962
Additional Components and Accessories	Project Planning Manual	ADDCOMP****-PRxx-EN-P	306140

1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: PR01 is the first edition

of a Project Planning Manual)

Tab. 1-2: Documentations - overview

#### **Motors**

Title Rexroth IndraDyn	Type of documentation	Document typecode <sup>1)</sup> DOK-MOTOR*	Material number R911
A Asynchronous Motors MAD / MAF	Project Planning Manual	MAD/MAF***-PRxx-EN-P	295781
H Synchronous Kit Spindle Motors	Project Planning Manual	MBS-H*****-PRxx-EN-P	297895
L Synchronous Linear Motors	Project Planning Manual	MLF******-PRxx-EN-P	293635
S Synchronous Motors MSK	Project Planning Manual	MSK******-PRxx-EN-P	296289
T Synchronous Torque Motors	Project Planning Manual	MBT******-PRxx-EN-P	298798

1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current

edition of the documentation (example: PR01 is the first edition

of a Project Planning Manual)

Tab. 1-3: Documentations - overview

#### **Cables**

Title	Type of documentation	Document typecode <sup>1)</sup> DOK	Material number R911
Rexroth Connection Cables	Selection Data	CONNEC-CABLE*INDRV-CAxx-	322949
IndraDrive and IndraDyn		EN-P	

1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current

edition of the documentation (example: CA02 is the second ed-

ition of the "Selection Data" documentation)

Tab. 1-4: Documentations - overview

#### **Firmware**

Title	Type of documentation	Document typecode <sup>1)</sup>	Material number
Rexroth IndraDrive		DOK-INDRV*	R911
MPx-20	Application Manual	MP*-20VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345608
Functions			
MPx-20	Release Notes	MP*-20VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	345606
Version Notes			
Power Supply Basic PSB-20	Application Manual	PSB-20VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345610
Functions			
Power Supply Basic PSB-19	Application Manual	PSB-19VRS**-APxx-EN-P	345602
Functions			
MPx-18	Application Manual	MP*-18VRS**-APxx-EN-P	338673
Functions			
MPx-18	Release Notes	MP*-18VRS**-RNxx-EN-P	338658
Version Notes			
MPx-16 to MPx-20 and PSB	Reference Book	GEN1-PARA**-RExx-EN-P	328651
Parameters			
MPx-16 to MPx-20 and PSB	Reference Book	GEN1-DIAG**-RExx-EN-P	326738
Diagnostic Messages			
Integrated Safety Technology	Application Manual	SI3-**VRS**-APxx-EN-P	332634
"Safe Torque Off" (as of MPx-16)			
Integrated Safety Technology	Application Manual	SI3*SMO-VRS-APxx-EN-P	338920
"Safe Motion" (as of MPx-18)			
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD	Reference Book	MLD-SYSLIB3-RExx-EN-P	338916
Libraries as of MPx-18			
Rexroth IndraMotion MLD	Application Manual	MLD3-**VRS*-APxx-EN-P	338914
As of MPx-18			

1)

In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: RE02 is the second edition of a Reference Book)

Tab. 1-5: Documentations – firmware

Title	Type of documentation	Document typecode <sup>1)</sup>	Material number R911
Productivity Agent	Application Manual	DOK-INDRV*-MLD-PAGENT*-	323947
Extended Diagnostic Functions with Rexroth IndraDrive		AWxx-EN-P	

1) In the document typecodes, "xx" is a wild card for the current edition of the documentation (example: AW01 is the first edition

of an Application Manual)

Tab. 1-6: Documentations – overview

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

#### Introduction

## 1.1.3 Your feedback



Your experience is important for our improvement processes of products and documentations.

Inform us about mistakes you discovered in this documentation and changes you suggest; we would be grateful for your feedback.

Please send your remarks to:

Address for your feedback

Bosch Rexroth AG

Dept. DC-IA/EDY1

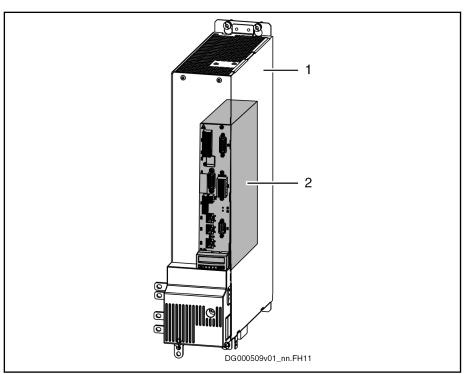
Buergermeister-Dr.-Nebel-Str. 2

97816 Lohr, Germany

E-mail: dokusupport@boschrexroth.de

# 1.2 Basic design of the Rexroth IndraDrive controllers

#### 1.2.1 General information



Power section
Control section

Fig. 1-1: Basic design of a Rexroth IndraDrive controller

The drive controller consists of two essential parts:

- Power section
- Control section

# 1.2.2 Delivery

The control section is a separate component that is plugged into the power section. As a standard, the drive controller is supplied ex works as a complete device including the control section.

Control sections and power sections can also be ordered separately. The respective firmware package has to be simultaneously ordered for control sections.

# 1.2.3 Mounting and Dismounting the Control Section

#### **General Information**

In case the control section is delivered separately, observe the following instructions:

#### **Training**

Risk of damage to the control section by improper handling!

Only such persons trained by Rexroth for mounting and dismounting control sections are allowed to mount and dismount control sections.

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Introduction

#### **ESD Protection**

#### NOTICE

Risk of damage to the control section and interference with its operational safety caused by electrostatic charges!

Exposed conductive parts coming into contact with the control section must be previously discharged by means of grounding.

Such exposed conductive parts include:

- The human body (ground connection by touching a conductive, grounded object)
- Parts and tools (place them on a conductive support)

Control sections may only be stored or dispatched in conductive packaging.

#### **Limited Number of Plug-In Actions**

#### **NOTICE**

Risk of damage to the control section or power section by mounting and dismounting the control section too often!

For a drive controller, the control section must not be mounted and dismounted more than a maximum of **20 times**.

Important directions for use

# 2 Important directions for use

# 2.1 Appropriate use

## 2.1.1 Introduction

Rexroth products reflect the state-of-the-art in their development and their manufacture. They are tested prior to delivery to ensure operating safety and reliability.

#### **▲** WARNING

Personal injury and property damage caused by incorrect use of the products!

The products have been designed for use in industrial environments and may only be used in the appropriate way. If they are not used in the appropriate way, situations resulting in property damage and personal injury can occur.



Rexroth as manufacturer is not liable for any damages resulting from inappropriate use. In such cases, the guarantee and the right to payment of damages resulting from inappropriate use are forfeited. The user alone carries all responsibility of the risks.

Before using Rexroth products, the following pre-requisites must be met to ensure appropriate use of the products:

- Personnel that in any way, shape or form uses our products must first read and understand the relevant safety instructions and be familiar with their appropriate use.
- If the products take the form of hardware, then they must remain in their original state, in other words, no structural changes are permitted. It is not permitted to decompile software products or alter source codes.
- Damaged or faulty products may not be installed or put into operation.
- Make sure that the products have been installed in the manner described in the relevant documentation.

# 2.1.2 Areas of use and application

Drive controllers made by Rexroth are designed to control electrical motors and monitor their operation.

Control and monitoring of the Drive controllers may require additional sensors and actors.



The drive controllers may only be used with the accessories and parts specified in this documentation. If a component has not been specifically named, then it may neither be mounted nor connected. The same applies to cables and lines.

Operation is only permitted in the specified configurations and combinations of components using the software and firmware as specified in the relevant Functional Descriptions.

Drive controllers have to be programmed before commissioning to ensure that the motor executes the specific functions of an application.

Drive controllers of the Rexroth IndraDrive line have been developed for use in single- and multi-axis drive and control tasks.

#### Important directions for use

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To ensure application-specific use of Drive controllers, device types of different drive power and different interfaces are available.

Typical applications include, for example:

- Handling and mounting systems,
- Packaging and food machines,
- Printing and paper processing machines and
- Machine tools.

Drive controllers may only be operated under the assembly and installation conditions described in this documentation, in the specified position of normal use and under the ambient conditions as described (temperature, degree of protection, humidity, EMC, etc.).

# 2.2 Inappropriate use

Using the Drive controllers outside of the operating conditions described in this documentation and outside of the technical data and specifications given is defined as "inappropriate use".

Drive controllers may not be used, if ...

- they are subject to operating conditions that do not meet the specified ambient conditions. This includes, for example, operation under water, under extreme temperature fluctuations or extremely high maximum temperatures.
- Furthermore, Drive controllers may not be used in applications which have not been expressly authorized by Rexroth. Please carefully follow the specifications outlined in the general Safety Instructions!



Components of the Rexroth IndraDrive system are **products of category C3** (with limited availability) according to IEC 61800-3. To ensure that this category (limit values) is maintained, suitable line filters must be used in the drive system.

These components are not provided for use in a public low-voltage network supplying residential areas with power. If these components are used in such a public network, high-frequency interference is to be expected. This can require additional measures of radio interference suppression.

# 3 Safety instructions for electric drives and controls

# 3.1 Definitions of terms

**Application Documentation** 

Application documentation comprises the entire documentation used to inform the user of the product about the use and safety-relevant features for configuring, integrating, installing, mounting, commissioning, operating, maintaining, repairing and decommissioning the product. The following terms are also used for this kind of documentation: Operating Instructions, Commissioning Manual, Instruction Manual, Project Planning Manual, Application Description, etc.

Component

A component is a combination of elements with a specified function, which are part of a piece of equipment, device or system. Components of the electric drive and control system are, for example, supply units, drive controllers, mains choke, mains filter, motors, cables, etc.

Control system

A control system comprises several interconnected control components placed on the market as a single functional unit.

Device

A device is a finished product with a defined function, intended for users and placed on the market as an individual piece of merchandise.

Electrical equipment

Electrical equipment encompasses all devices used to generate, convert, transmit, distribute or apply electrical energy, such as electric motors, transformers, switching devices, cables, lines, power-consuming devices, circuit board assemblies, plug-in units, control cabinets, etc.

Electric drive system

An electric drive system comprises all components from mains supply to motor shaft; this includes, for example, electric motor(s), motor encoder(s), supply units and drive controllers, as well as auxiliary and additional components, such as mains filter, mains choke and the corresponding lines and cables.

Installation

An installation consists of several devices or systems interconnected for a defined purpose and on a defined site which, however, are not intended to be placed on the market as a single functional unit.

Machine

A machine is the entirety of interconnected parts or units at least one of which is movable. Thus, a machine consists of the appropriate machine drive elements, as well as control and power circuits, which have been assembled for a specific application. A machine is, for example, intended for processing, treatment, movement or packaging of a material. The term "machine" also covers a combination of machines which are arranged and controlled in such a way that they function as a unified whole.

Manufacturer

The manufacturer is an individual or legal entity bearing responsibility for the design and manufacture of a product which is placed on the market in the individual's or legal entity's name. The manufacturer can use finished products, finished parts or finished elements, or contract out work to subcontractors. However, the manufacturer must always have overall control and possess the required authority to take responsibility for the product.

Product

Examples of a product: Device, component, part, system, software, firmware, among other things.

Project planning manual

A project planning manual is part of the application documentation used to support the sizing and planning of systems, machines or installations.

**Qualified persons** 

In terms of this application documentation, qualified persons are those persons who are familiar with the installation, mounting, commissioning and operation of the components of the electric drive and control system, as well as with the hazards this implies, and who possess the qualifications their work

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requires. To comply with these qualifications, it is necessary, among other things,

- to be trained, instructed or authorized to switch electric circuits and devices safely on and off, to ground them and to mark them.
- to be trained or instructed to maintain and use adequate safety equipment.
- to attend a course of instruction in first aid.

User

A user is a person installing, commissioning or using a product which has been placed on the market.

## 3.2 General information

# 3.2.1 Using the Safety instructions and passing them on to others

Do not attempt to install and operate the components of the electric drive and control system without first reading all documentation provided with the product. Read and understand these safety instructions and all user documentation prior to working with these components. If you do not have the user documentation for the components, contact your responsible Rexroth sales partner. Ask for these documents to be sent immediately to the person or persons responsible for the safe operation of the components.

If the component is resold, rented and/or passed on to others in any other form, these safety instructions must be delivered with the component in the official language of the user's country.

Improper use of these components, failure to follow the safety instructions in this document or tampering with the product, including disabling of safety devices, could result in property damage, injury, electric shock or even death.

# 3.2.2 Requirements for safe use

Read the following instructions before initial commissioning of the components of the electric drive and control system in order to eliminate the risk of injury and/or property damage. You must follow these safety instructions.

- Rexroth is not liable for damages resulting from failure to observe the safety instructions.
- Read the operating, maintenance and safety instructions in your language before commissioning. If you find that you cannot completely understand the application documentation in the available language, please ask your supplier to clarify.
- Proper and correct transport, storage, mounting and installation, as well as care in operation and maintenance, are prerequisites for optimal and safe operation of the component.
- Only qualified persons may work with components of the electric drive and control system or within its proximity.
- Only use accessories and spare parts approved by Rexroth.
- Follow the safety regulations and requirements of the country in which the components of the electric drive and control system are operated.
- Only use the components of the electric drive and control system in the manner that is defined as appropriate. See chapter "Appropriate Use".
- The ambient and operating conditions given in the available application documentation must be observed.

- Applications for functional safety are only allowed if clearly and explicitly specified in the application documentation "Integrated Safety Technology". If this is not the case, they are excluded. Functional safety is a safety concept in which measures of risk reduction for personal safety depend on electrical, electronic or programmable control systems.
- The information given in the application documentation with regard to the use of the delivered components contains only examples of applications and suggestions.

The machine and installation manufacturers must

- make sure that the delivered components are suited for their individual application and check the information given in this application documentation with regard to the use of the components,
- make sure that their individual application complies with the applicable safety regulations and standards and carry out the required measures, modifications and complements.
- Commissioning of the delivered components is only allowed once it is sure that the machine or installation in which the components are installed complies with the national regulations, safety specifications and standards of the application.
- Operation is only allowed if the national EMC regulations for the application are met.
- The instructions for installation in accordance with EMC requirements can be found in the section on EMC in the respective application documentation.
  - The machine or installation manufacturer is responsible for compliance with the limit values as prescribed in the national regulations.
- The technical data, connection and installation conditions of the components are specified in the respective application documentations and must be followed at all times.

National regulations which the user has to comply with

- European countries: In accordance with European EN standards
- United States of America (USA):
  - National Electrical Code (NEC)
  - National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), as well as local engineering regulations
  - Regulations of the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)
- Canada: Canadian Standards Association (CSA)
- Other countries:
  - International Organization for Standardization (ISO)
  - International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC)

# 3.2.3 Hazards by improper use

- High electrical voltage and high working current! Danger to life or serious injury by electric shock!
- High electrical voltage by incorrect connection! Danger to life or injury by electric shock!
- Dangerous movements! Danger to life, serious injury or property damage by unintended motor movements!

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- Health hazard for persons with heart pacemakers, metal implants and hearing aids in proximity to electric drive systems!
- Risk of burns by hot housing surfaces!
- Risk of injury by improper handling! Injury by crushing, shearing, cutting, hitting!
- Risk of injury by improper handling of batteries!
- Risk of injury by improper handling of pressurized lines!

# 3.3 Instructions with regard to specific dangers

## 3.3.1 Protection against contact with electrical parts and housings



This section concerns components of the electric drive and control system with voltages of **more than 50 volts**.

Contact with parts conducting voltages above 50 volts can cause personal danger and electric shock. When operating components of the electric drive and control system, it is unavoidable that some parts of these components conduct dangerous voltage.

# High electrical voltage! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock or serious injury!

- Only qualified persons are allowed to operate, maintain and/or repair the components of the electric drive and control system.
- Follow the general installation and safety regulations when working on power installations.
- Before switching on, the equipment grounding conductor must have been permanently connected to all electric components in accordance with the connection diagram.
- Even for brief measurements or tests, operation is only allowed if the equipment grounding conductor has been permanently connected to the points of the components provided for this purpose.
- Before accessing electrical parts with voltage potentials higher than 50 V, you must disconnect electric components from the mains or from the power supply unit. Secure the electric component from reconnection.
- With electric components, observe the following aspects:
  - Always wait **30 minutes** after switching off power to allow live capacitors to discharge before accessing an electric component. Measure the electrical voltage of live parts before beginning to work to make sure that the equipment is safe to touch.
- Install the covers and guards provided for this purpose before switching
- Never touch any electrical connection points of the components while power is turned on.
- Do not remove or plug in connectors when the component has been powered.
- Under specific conditions, electric drive systems can be operated at mains protected by residual-current-operated circuit-breakers sensitive to universal current (RCDs/RCMs).

 Secure built-in devices from penetrating foreign objects and water, as well as from direct contact, by providing an external housing, for example a control cabinet.

# High housing voltage and high leakage current! Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock!

- Before switching on and before commissioning, ground or connect the components of the electric drive and control system to the equipment grounding conductor at the grounding points.
- Connect the equipment grounding conductor of the components of the electric drive and control system permanently to the main power supply at all times. The leakage current is greater than 3.5 mA.
- Establish an equipment grounding connection with a minimum cross section according to the table below. With an outer conductor cross section smaller than 10 mm<sup>2</sup> (8 AWG), the alternative connection of two equipment grounding conductors is allowed, each having the same cross section as the outer conductors.

Cross section outer con- ductor	_	ipment grounding conductor rent ≥ 3.5 mA					
	1 equipment grounding conductor	2 equipment grounding conductors					
1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)		2 × 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (16 AWG)					
2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)		2 × 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> (14 AWG)					
4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)	10 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)	2 × 4 mm <sup>2</sup> (12 AWG)					
6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)		2 × 6 mm <sup>2</sup> (10 AWG)					
10 mm <sup>2</sup> (8 AWG)		-					
16 mm <sup>2</sup> (6 AWG)		-					
25 mm <sup>2</sup> (4 AWG)	16 mm <sup>2</sup> (6 AWG)	-					
35 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 AWG)		-					
50 mm <sup>2</sup> (1/0 AWG)	25 mm <sup>2</sup> (4 AWG)	-					
70 mm <sup>2</sup> (2/0 AWG)	35 mm <sup>2</sup> (2 AWG)	-					

Tab. 3-1: Minimum cross section of the equipment grounding connection

# 3.3.2 Protective extra-low voltage as protection against electric shock

Protective extra-low voltage is used to allow connecting devices with basic insulation to extra-low voltage circuits.

On components of an electric drive and control system provided by Rexroth, all connections and terminals with voltages up to 50 volts are PELV ("Protective Extra-Low Voltage") systems. It is allowed to connect devices equipped with basic insulation (such as programming devices, PCs, notebooks, display units) to these connections.

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# Danger to life, risk of injury by electric shock! High electrical voltage by incorrect connection!

If extra-low voltage circuits of devices containing voltages and circuits of more than 50 volts (e.g., the mains connection) are connected to Rexroth products, the connected extra-low voltage circuits must comply with the requirements for PELV ("Protective Extra-Low Voltage").

## 3.3.3 Protection against dangerous movements

Dangerous movements can be caused by faulty control of connected motors. Some common examples are:

- Improper or wrong wiring or cable connection
- Operator errors
- Wrong input of parameters before commissioning
- Malfunction of sensors and encoders
- Defective components
- Software or firmware errors

These errors can occur immediately after equipment is switched on or even after an unspecified time of trouble-free operation.

The monitoring functions in the components of the electric drive and control system will normally be sufficient to avoid malfunction in the connected drives. Regarding personal safety, especially the danger of injury and/or property damage, this alone cannot be relied upon to ensure complete safety. Until the integrated monitoring functions become effective, it must be assumed in any case that faulty drive movements will occur. The extent of faulty drive movements depends upon the type of control and the state of operation.

# Dangerous movements! Danger to life, risk of injury, serious injury or property damage!

A **risk assessment** must be prepared for the installation or machine, with its specific conditions, in which the components of the electric drive and control system are installed.

As a result of the risk assessment, the user must provide for monitoring functions and higher-level measures on the installation side for personal safety. The safety regulations applicable to the installation or machine must be taken into consideration. Unintended machine movements or other malfunctions are possible if safety devices are disabled, bypassed or not activated.

#### To avoid accidents, injury and/or property damage:

- Keep free and clear of the machine's range of motion and moving machine parts. Prevent personnel from accidentally entering the machine's range of motion by using, for example:
  - Safety fences
  - Safety guards
  - Protective coverings
  - Light barriers
- Make sure the safety fences and protective coverings are strong enough to resist maximum possible kinetic energy.
- Mount emergency stopping switches in the immediate reach of the operator. Before commissioning, verify that the emergency stopping equip-

ment works. Do not operate the machine if the emergency stopping switch is not working.

- Prevent unintended start-up. Isolate the drive power connection by means of OFF switches/OFF buttons or use a safe starting lockout.
- Make sure that the drives are brought to safe standstill before accessing or entering the danger zone.
- Additionally secure vertical axes against falling or dropping after switching off the motor power by, for example,
  - mechanically securing the vertical axes,
  - adding an external braking/arrester/clamping mechanism or
  - ensuring sufficient counterbalancing of the vertical axes.
- The standard equipment motor holding brake or an external holding brake controlled by the drive controller is not sufficient to guarantee personal safety!
- Disconnect electrical power to the components of the electric drive and control system using the master switch and secure them from reconnection ("lock out") for:
  - Maintenance and repair work
  - Cleaning of equipment
  - Long periods of discontinued equipment use
- Prevent the operation of high-frequency, remote control and radio equipment near components of the electric drive and control system and their supply leads. If the use of these devices cannot be avoided, check the machine or installation, at initial commissioning of the electric drive and control system, for possible malfunctions when operating such high-frequency, remote control and radio equipment in its possible positions of normal use. It might possibly be necessary to perform a special electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) test.

# 3.3.4 Protection against electromagnetic and magnetic fields during operation and mounting

Electromagnetic and magnetic fields!

Hazards for persons with active medical implants or passive metallic implants, as well as for pregnant women.

 Persons with active medical implants (e.g. heart pacemakers), passive metallic implants (e.g. hip implants) and pregnant women might possibly risk hazards by electromagnetic or magnetic fields in the immediate vicinity of components of the electric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors.

Entering the following areas can cause danger to these persons:

- Areas in which components of the electric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors are mounted, commissioned and operated.
- Areas in which parts of motors with permanent magnets are stored, repaired or mounted.
- Before entering these areas, the above-mentioned persons should seek advice from their physician.
- Observe the occupational safety and health regulations applicable at the site of operation, for installations equipped with components of the elec-

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tric drive and control system and the associated current-carrying conductors.

## 3.3.5 Protection against contact with hot parts

Hot surfaces of components of the electric drive and control system. Risk of burns!

- Do not touch hot surfaces of, for example, braking resistors, heat sinks, supply units and drive controllers, motors, windings and laminated cores!
- According to the operating conditions, temperatures of the surfaces can be **higher than 60 °C** (140 °F) during or after operation.
- Before touching motors after having switched them off, let them cool down for a sufficient period of time. Cooling down can require up to 140 minutes! The time required for cooling down is approximately five times the thermal time constant specified in the technical data.
- After switching chokes, supply units and drive controllers off, wait 15 minutes to allow them to cool down before touching them.
- Wear safety gloves or do not work at hot surfaces.
- For certain applications, and in accordance with the respective safety regulations, the manufacturer of the machine or installation must take measures to avoid injuries caused by burns in the final application. These measures can be, for example: Warnings at the machine or installation, guards (shieldings or barriers) or safety instructions in the application documentation.

## 3.3.6 Protection during handling and mounting

Risk of injury by improper handling! Injury by crushing, shearing, cutting, hitting!

- Observe the relevant statutory regulations of accident prevention.
- Use suitable equipment for mounting and transport.
- Avoid jamming and crushing by appropriate measures.
- Always use suitable tools. Use special tools if specified.
- Use lifting equipment and tools in the correct manner.
- Use suitable protective equipment (hard hat, safety goggles, safety shoes, safety gloves, for example).
- Do not stand under hanging loads.
- Immediately clean up any spilled liquids from the floor due to the risk of falling!

# 3.3.7 Battery safety

Batteries consist of active chemicals in a solid housing. Therefore, improper handling can cause injury or property damage.

#### Risk of injury by improper handling!

- Do not attempt to reactivate low batteries by heating or other methods (risk of explosion and cauterization).
- Do not attempt to recharge the batteries as this may cause leakage or explosion.

- Do not throw batteries into open flames.
- Do not dismantle batteries.
- When replacing the battery/batteries, do not damage the electrical parts installed in the devices.
- Only use the battery types specified for the product.



Environmental protection and disposal! The batteries contained in the product are considered dangerous goods during land, air, and sea transport (risk of explosion) in the sense of the legal regulations. Dispose of used batteries separately from other waste. Observe the national regulations of your country.

# 3.3.8 Protection against pressurized systems

According to the information given in the Project Planning Manuals, motors and components cooled with liquids and compressed air can be partially supplied with externally fed, pressurized media, such as compressed air, hydraulics oil, cooling liquids and cooling lubricants. Improper handling of the connected supply systems, supply lines or connections can cause injuries or property damage.

#### Risk of injury by improper handling of pressurized lines!

- Do not attempt to disconnect, open or cut pressurized lines (risk of explosion).
- Observe the respective manufacturer's operating instructions.
- Before dismounting lines, relieve pressure and empty medium.
- Use suitable protective equipment (safety goggles, safety shoes, safety gloves, for example).
- Immediately clean up any spilled liquids from the floor due to the risk of falling!



Environmental protection and disposal! The agents (e.g., fluids) used to operate the product might not be environmentally friendly. Dispose of agents harmful to the environment separately from other waste. Observe the national regulations of your country.

# 3.4 Explanation of signal words and the Safety alert symbol

The Safety Instructions in the available application documentation contain specific signal words (DANGER, WARNING, CAUTION or NOTICE) and, where required, a safety alert symbol (in accordance with ANSI Z535.6-2011).

The signal word is meant to draw the reader's attention to the safety instruction and identifies the hazard severity.

The safety alert symbol (a triangle with an exclamation point), which precedes the signal words DANGER, WARNING and CAUTION, is used to alert the reader to personal injury hazards.

#### **A** DANGER

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, death or serious injury **will** occur.

## **WARNING**

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, death or serious injury could occur.

## **A** CAUTION

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, minor or moderate injury could occur.

#### **NOTICE**

In case of non-compliance with this safety instruction, property damage could occur.

Identifying the Control Section

# 4 Identifying the Control Section

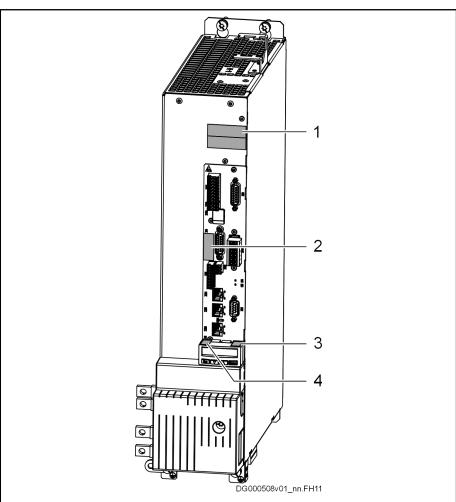
# 4.1 Type Plates

# 4.1.1 General Information

Each drive component is marked by a type designation.

There is a type plate attached to all devices.

# 4.1.2 Type Plates at the Drive Controller



Power section
Control section
Firmware
Control panel

Fig. 4-1: Type Plates at the Drive Controller

Identifying the Control Section

# 4.1.3 Control Section Type Plate

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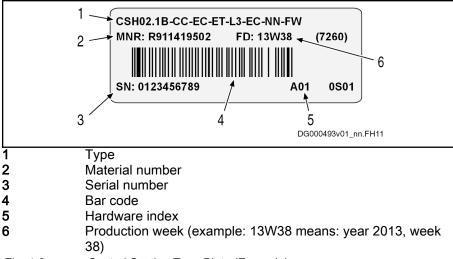
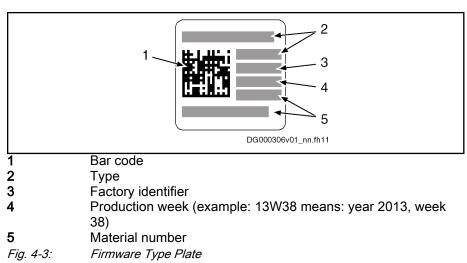


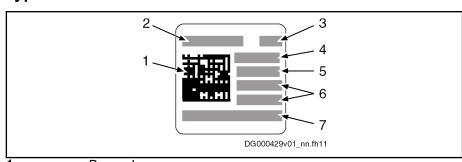
Fig. 4-2: Control Section Type Plate (Example)

# 4.1.4 Firmware Type Plate



Identifying the Control Section

#### **Control Panel Type Plate** 4.1.5



Bar code Type

2 3 4 Hardware index Factory identifier

5 Production week (example: 13W38 means: year 2013, week

38)

6 Material number Serial number

Fig. 4-4: Control Panel Type Plate

# 5 Rexroth IndraDrive control sections

# 5.1 Types

## 5.1.1 Overview

Control section range	Туре	Features
ECONOMY	CSE02.1A	Single-axis control section; basic scope
BASIC	CSB02.1A	Single-axis control section; basic scope
	CSB02.1B	Single-axis control section; extended scope
	CSB02.5B	Single-axis control section for universal inverter HMU05; extended scope
	CDB02.1B	Double-axis control section; extended scope
ADVANCED	CSH02.1B	Single-axis control section; extended scope
	CSH02.5B	Single-axis control section for universal inverter HMU05; extended scope

Tab. 5-1: Overview

## 5.1.2 Power sections

Production week of the power sec-

All power sections manufactured since 2007 can use the control sections.

See power section type plate:

"FD" must be at the least "07W01".

#### Supported power sections

Power section	Control section
HCS02	CSB02.1, CSE02.1, CSH02.1
HCS03	
HCS04	
HMS01	
HMS02	
HMU05	CSB02.5, CSH02.5
HMD01	CDB02.1

Tab. 5-2: Assigned power sections

## 5.1.3 Firmware

#### Supported firmware

Control sections	Firmware
CSB02.1, CSH02.1, CDB02.1	FWA-INDRV*- <b>MPx-18</b> VRS or higher
CSB02.5, CSH02.5	FWA-INDRV*- <b>MPx-19</b> VRS or higher
CSE02.1	FWA-INDRV*- <b>MPx-20</b> VRS or higher

Tab. 5-3: Supported firmware

#### 5.2 Functions and interfaces

The control sections differ with regard to

- Configurability
- Available interfaces
- Cycle times or switching frequencies (pulse frequencies)

	CSE02.1A	CSB02.1A	CSB02.xB	CSH02.xB-CC	CSH02.xB-ET	CDB02.1B		
Interfaces								
sercos III, EtherCAT	S3	via Multi- Ethernet	via Multi- Ethernet	S3	via Multi- Ethernet	via Multi- Ethernet		
Multi-Ethernet	_	ET	ET	via ET option	ET	ET		
sercos III (master)	-	-	-	CC	-	-		
Encoder evaluation (EC)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Engineering interface HMI connection	-	-	_	✓	-	-		
Standard control panel	✓	✓	✓	-	-	✓		
ADVANCED control panel	_	-	-	✓	✓	_		
Number of optional slots	1	2	3	3	3	4		
Inputs/outputs:								
Digital inputs	7	7	11	11	11	14		
thereof probes	2	2	2	2	2	4		
Digital inputs/outputs (arbitra- ry setting)	1	1	5	5	5	8		
Analog inputs ±10 V	1	1	1 3 <sup>2)</sup>	1 3 <sup>2)</sup>	1 3 <sup>2)</sup>	2		
Analog inputs 020 mA	_	-	2 0 <sup>2)</sup>	2 0 <sup>2)</sup>	2 0 <sup>2)</sup>	_		
Analog outputs ±10 V	_	-	2	2	2	2		
Cycle times <sup>1)</sup> [µs] :								
Current control	125	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5	62.5		
		125	125			125		
Velocity control	500	125	125	125	125	125		
		250	250			250		
Position control	1000	250	250	250	250	250		
		500	500			500		
Communication	1000 / 2000	250	250	250	250	250		
		500	500			500		

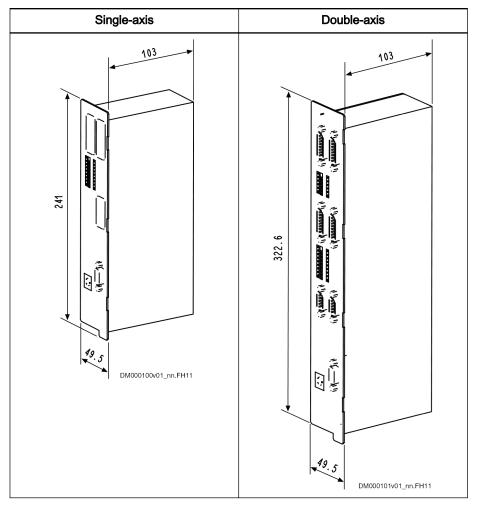
- Cycle times depend on firmware version
- 1) 2) There is a total of 3 analog inputs. 2 of these inputs are multipurpose inputs. A multi-purpose input is either a voltage input or a current input.

Tab. 5-4: Overview of control section functions

	CSE02.1A	CSB02.1A	CSB02.xB	CSH02.xB-CC	CSH02.xB-ET	CDB02.1B
Options						
CANopen (CN)	-	✓	✓	✓	-	-
PROFIBUS (PB)	_	✓	✓	✓	_	✓
Multi-Ethernet (ET)	-	_	_	✓	-	-
Encoder evaluation (EC)	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Encoder emulation (EM)	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Safe Torque Off (L3)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Safe Motion (S4)	-	_	✓	✓	✓	✓
Safe Motion (S5)	-	_	✓	✓	✓	✓
Safe Motion Bus (SB)	-	-	✓	✓	✓	✓
Digital/analog inputs/outputs (DA)	-	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Tab. 5-5: Overview of control section options

#### 5.3 **Dimensions**



Tab. 5-6: **Dimensions** 

B

Dimensions for mounting clearance to front: See documentation of power sections.

# 5.4 CSE02

# 5.4.1 Type code

										1									2								3								4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8			2	3	4	5	6	7	8		1	2 3	3 4	5	6	7	8	9 0
Example:		_	Е				1	_	_	S 3	_	-	-			$\vdash$	_	L :	_		_	-	_	-	$\Box$										
		1		(2	9		3	4		<b>⑤</b>		0	6		C	7		8		,	9		(	0											
①	Р	roc	duc	ct:																															
	С	SE	=	Si	ng	le-	axi	s c	on	trol	se	ctio	on	EC	Ю	NO	M	Υ																	
2	S	eri	es	:																															
	02	2 =	= 0	2																															
3	D	es	igr	1:																															
	1	=	1																																
4	In	te	rfa	се	eq	uip	m	ent	:																										
	Α	=	Ва	sic	s	cop	ре																												
5	С	on	nm	un	ica	tio	n:																												
	S	3 =	= s	erc	os	III	, E	the	rC	AT																									
6	In	te	rfa	се	1:																														
	E	C :	= N	Λul	ti-e	enc	coc	ler	int	erfa	ce																								
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8						•		-	ech	nnol	og	y) <sup>1</sup>	1):																						
						qui																													
							e -	Γor	qu	e O	ff)																								
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	F۱	W	=	=irr	nv	/ar	e r	nus	t t	e c	rde	ere	d a	as a	a s	ера	ara	ate	suk	ppc	sit	ion													

1) The L3 interface guarantees both the function and the certification

Tab. 5-7: CSE02 type code

B

The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

# 5.4.2 Front view with connection points

Front view (example)	Connection point	Stranded wire [mm²]	AWG	Description
SAFETY © BOARD	X4	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
ZWS BOOKED	X24 P2, X25 P1	-	-	Communication sercos III / EtherCAT S3
	X31	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
\ <u></u>				Probe input
₹ <b>#88#</b>	X32	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs
	X33	0.75–1.5	20–14	Voltage input (24V, 0V)
				Bb relay
X49	X49*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology L3
Exe V A Endown  DG000495v02_nn.fh11	H1	-	-	Interface for control panel

Optional connection point; the optional connection points are marked with gray background color in the exemplary figure

Tab. 5-8: CSE02 connection points

# 5.5 CSB02

# 5.5.1 CSB02.1 type code

Ohant toma designation	4		•	4	_	•	_			1				_	_	7			2				_		7			3				4	_	_	7			4
Short type designation	-						-	-	-	0 1	+	-			-	-	$\dashv$	_	_	+	+						-	$\rightarrow$	1	2	3	4	5	О	7	8	9	U
Example:	С	S	В				$\dashv$	В	-	ET	-		_	-	Р	-	-		3 -	+	ΕC	-	⊢	N	-	F	$\dashv$	4	4							4	4	
		①		(2	<u> </u>		3	<b>④</b>		<b>⑤</b>		9	<u> </u>		7			8			9		(	0		C	0											
0		rod																																				
	С	SB	=	Si	ng	le-	axi	is c	on	trol	se	ectio	on	ВА	SI	<u>C</u>																						
2	-	erie																																				
	0:	2 =	02	2																																		
3		esi	_	1:																																		
	1	= 1																																				
4	In	iter	fa	се	eq	uip	m	ent	:																													
	Α	= E	За	sic	S	cop	е																															
	В	= [	Ξx	ter	nde	ed	SC	оре	;																													
(5)	С	om	m	uni	ica	tio	n:																															
	Е	T =	· N	1ul	ti-E	Ξth	err	net																														
6	In	iter	fa	се	1:																																	
	E	C =	= 1	/lul	ti-e	enc	00	der	int	erfa	ice	;																										
7	In	iter	fa	се	2:																																	
	N	N =	= N	lot	e	qui	ор	ed																														
	1	B =						<b>;</b>																														
		N =				-																																
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Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3 .	4	5	6	7	В	9 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
Example:	С	s	В	0	2	•	1	В	-	Е	Т	- 1	<b>≡</b> (	С	-	Р	В	-	L 3	3 -	E	С	-	Ν	N	-	F	W											
		0		(2	9		3	4		(5			6	)		7	)		8		(	9		0	0		Œ	D											
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	N	N =	= 1	Vor	ne																																		
10	Fi	irm	Wá	are	:																																		
	F۱	W:	= F	=irr	nv	/ar	e r	nu	st	be	or	der	ed	la	s a	se	epa	ara	ite s	sub	ро	siti	on																

1) The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function and the certification

Only if interface equipment = B

Only if interface equipment = B and interface 2 = PB or CN

2) 3) 4) Only if interface equipment = B and interface 2 = PB, CN or EC

Tab. 5-9: CSB02.1 type code



The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

# 5.5.2 CSB02.5 type code

									1								2									3									4
Short type designation	1	2	3	4 5	5 6	7	8	9	0 1	2	3	4	5	6 7	8	9	0	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4 8	5	6 7	8	9	0
Example:	С	s	В	0 2	2 .	. 5	В	-	ΕТ	-	Е	С	-	РВ	-	니	3	- I	<b>≣</b> C	; -	N	N	-	F	w										
		<u> </u>	L	2		3	4		<b>⑤</b>		(	 •		7		8	5		9		į,	10		Œ	D						1				
①	Р	roc	duc	ct:												_																			
	С	SB	3 =	Sin	gle	e-ax	is (	cor	ntrol	se	ctio	on	ВА	SIC																					
2	s	eri	es	:																															
	0	2 =	02	2																															
3	D	esi	ign	1:																															
	5	= F	Fo	r Hx	x0	5																													
4	In	iter	rfa	се е	qu	ipm	en	t:																											
	В	=	Ex	tenc	lec	d sc	ор	е																											
5	С	om	nm	unic	ati	ion:																													
	Е	T =	= N	⁄lulti-	Et	ther	net	t																											
6				ce 1																															
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2) Only if interface 2 = PB or CN 3) Only if interface 2 = PB, CN or EC

CSB02.5 type code Tab. 5-10:

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The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

#### 5.5.3 Front view with connection points

Front view (example)	Connection point	Stranded wire [mm²]	AWG	Description
SAFETY (3) (B) (B) (B)	X4	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
X10	X8*	0.25-0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
X37, X38				Encoder emulation EM
	X10*	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
				Encoder emulation EM
X48	X24 P2, X25 P1	-	-	Multi-Ethernet communication ET
	X30*	0.25-0.5	-	PROFIBUS communication PB
<u> </u>	X31	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
X41, X42, X43				Probe input
X49	X32	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs
	X33	0.75–1.5	20–14	Voltage input (24V, 0V)
				Bb relay
○ ± ○ ¥	X35 <sup>1)</sup>	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs; analog inputs (current/voltage); analog outputs (voltage)
X8 X30	X37*1)	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
X61	X38*1)	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs/outputs
X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X	X41*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology S4, S5, SB
₹ <u>0</u> 0	X42 / X43*	-	-	(With SB: X41, X42, X43 not available; LEDs available)
	X48*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology
<b>E</b>				(Only available in conjunction with safety technology S4, S5, SB)
	X49*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology L3
DG000496v02_nn.fh11	X61*	0.25–0.5	-	CANopen communication CN
DG00040002_im.mr1	H1	-	-	Interface for control panel

1) \* CSB02.xB only

Optional connection point; the optional connection points are marked with gray background color in the exemplary figure

Tab. 5-11: CSB02 connection points

# 5.6 CDB02

# 5.6.1 Type code

							1								2								3	3	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 N N - F W 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1								
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3	De	sig	n:																														
	1 =	= 1																															
4	Int	erfa	ace e	quipr	nent	:																						4 5 6 7 8 9 0 F W					
	В:	= Ex	xtend	ed s	cope																							4 5 6 7 8 9 0 F W					
(5)	Co	mm	nunic	ation																								4 5 6 7 8 9 F W					
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1)	The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function
	and the certification
2)	Only if interface 4 = NN
3)	Only if interface 4 = L3
4)	Only if interface 4 = S4
6)	Only if interface 4 = SB
7)	Only if interface 3 = PB or EC
8)	Only if interface 3 = PB, EC or EM
Tab. 5-12:	CDB02 type code



The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

## 5.6.2 Front view with connection points

Front view	Connection	Stranded	AWG	Description
(example)	point <sup>1)</sup>	wire [mm²]		
	X4.1	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
SAFETY	X4.2			
X48.2	X8*	0.25-0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
				Encoder emulation EM
X10 X37, X38	X10*	0.25-0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
				Encoder emulation EM
X48.1	X24 P2, X25 P1	-	-	Multi-Ethernet communication ET
× proces	X30*	0.25-0.5	-	PROFIBUS communication PB
	X31	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
X41.2, X42.2, X43.	2			Probe input
X41.2, X42.2, X43.	X32	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs
	X33	0.75–1.5	20–14	Voltage input (24V, 0V)
				Bb relay
<b>O O O O O O O O O O</b>	X36	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs and outputs; analog outputs (voltage)
X41.1, X42.1, X43.	X37*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
X41.1, X42.1, X43.	X38*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs/outputs
	X41.1*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology S4, S5, SB
	X41.2*			(With SB: X41, X42, X43 not availa-
×8	X42.1 / X43.1*	-	-	ble; LEDs available)
X30	X42.2 / X43.2*			
	X48.1*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology
42H •	X48.2*			(Only available in conjunction with safety technology S4, S5, SB)
	X49.1*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology L3
	X49.2*			
©	H1	-	-	Interface for control panel
54000454V02_IIII.III 1				

1) Connection points of axis 1 have the extension ".1" (e.g. X4.1); connections of axis 2 have the extension ".2" (e.g. X4.2)

Optional connection point; the optional connection points are marked with gray background color in the exemplary figure

Tab. 5-13: CDB02 connection points

## 5.7 CSH02

# 5.7.1 CSH02.1 type code

Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	B	a	1		2 3		L	5 6	3 7	B	a	2	1	2 4	3 4		5 6	3 7	, ,	3 0	3			2 .	3	4	5	6	7	8	a	4
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IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

## Rexroth IndraDrive control sections

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Only if communication = CC

1) 2) The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function

and the certification

3) Only if interface 2 = ET, PB, CN or EC

Tab. 5-14: CSH02.1 type code

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The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

### CSH02.5 type code 5.7.2

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IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

## Rexroth IndraDrive control sections

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Short type designation	1	2	3	4	5	6 7	7 8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	) '	1 2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	0
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1) Only if communication = CC

2) The L3, S4, S5 and SB interfaces guarantee both the function and the certification

Only if interface 2 = ET, PB, CN or EC

Tab. 5-15: CSH02.5 type code



The figure illustrates the basic structure of the type code. Our sales representative will help you with the current status of available versions.

### Front view with connection points 5.7.3

Front view (example)	Connection point	Stranded wire	AWG	Description
, , ,		[mm²]		
SAFETY © BOARD	X4	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
	X8*	0.25-0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
X10 X37, X38				Encoder emulation EM
	X10*	0.25–0.5	-	Encoder evaluation EC
				Encoder emulation EM
X48	X22 P2, X23 P1*	-	-	Multi-Ethernet communication ET
	X24 P2,	-	-	sercos III master (CC)
<u>*</u>	X25 P1			Multi-Ethernet (ET)
X41, X42, X43	X26	-	-	Engineering interface
X49				(Only available for CSH02.xB-CC)
× ×	X30*	0.25–0.5	-	PROFIBUS communication PB
EX SX SX	X31	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
				Probe input
	X32	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs
g g g g	X33	0.75–1.5	20–14	Voltage input (24V, 0V)
§8				Bb relay
X8 X22 P2, X23 P1 X30 X61	X35	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs and outputs; analog in- puts (current/voltage); analog outputs (voltage)
XX XX	X37*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Digital inputs/outputs
	X38*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Analog inputs/outputs
	X41*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology S4, S5, SB
Esc V A Enter	X42 / X43*	-	-	(With SB: X41, X42, X43 not available; LEDs available)
DG000497v02_nn.fh11	X48*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology
				(Only available in conjunction with safety technology S4, S5, SB)
	X49*	0.75–1.5	20–14	Safety technology L3
	X61*	0.25–0.5	-	CANopen communication CN
	H1	-	-	Interface for control panel

Optional connection point; the optional connection points are marked with gray background color in the exemplary figure CSH02 connection points

Tab. 5-16:

# 6 On-board connection points

# 6.1 CSB02 interface equipment

The number of on-board connection points of a **CSB02** control section depends on the interface equipment (see type code):

- A (basic scope)
- **B** (extended scope)

CSB02	Interface equipment		
	Α	В	
X4	✓	✓	
X31	✓	✓	
X32	✓	✓	
X33	✓	✓	
X35	-	✓	

Tab. 6-1: Interface equipment

#### X4, Motor Encoder Connection 6.2

View	Identifica- tion	Fund	ction
1 9 8 0000053v01_nn.FH9	X4	Motor encode	er connection
D-Sub, 15-pin, female	Unit	Min.	Max.
Connection cable	mm²	0,25	0,5
Stranded wire			
Kind of encoder evaluation		E	С

Tab. 6-2: Function, Properties

**Technical Data** chapter 8.1 "EC - standard encoder evaluation" on page 79

### Supported Encoder Systems

Encoder systems with a supply voltage of 5 and 12 volt:

- MSM motor encoder
- MSK motor encoder
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; HIPERFACE® •
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; EnDat 2.1; (EnDat 2.2 in preparation)
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; with reference track
- 5V-TTL square-wave encoder; with reference track
- Combined encoder for SSI (combination of SSI and sin-cos encoder  $1V_{pp}$ )
- Resolver (resolvers are **not** supported if an optional "Safe Motion" safety technology is available at the same time.)
- Hall sensor box SHL02.1
- Digital Hall sensor in conjunction with Hall sensor adapter box SHL03.1

## Pin Assignment

Connection	Signal	Function
1	GND_shld	Connection signal shields (internal shields)
2	A+	Track A analog positive
3	A-	Track A analog negative
4	GND_Encoder	Reference potential power supplies
5	B+	Track B analog positive
6	B-	Track B analog negative
7	EncData+	Data transmission positive
	A+TTL	Track A TTL positive
8	EncData-	Data transmission negative
	A-TTL	Track A TTL negative
9	R+	Reference track positive
10	R-	Reference track negative
11	+12V	Encoder supply 12V
12	+5V	Encoder supply 5V
13	EncCLK+	Clock positive
	B+TTL	Track B TTL positive
14	EncCLK-	Clock negative
	B-TTL	Track B TTL negative
15	Sense-	Return of reference potential (Sense line)
	VCC_Resolver	Resolver supply
Connector housing		Overall shield

Tab. 6-3: Pin Assignment

## 6.3 X4.1, X4.2, Motor Encoder Connection

Encoder Evaluation at Double-Axis Control Sections

X4.1: Axis 1X4.2: Axis 2

Pin Assignment chapter 6.2 "X4, Motor Encoder Connection" on page 48

Technical Data chapter 8.1 "EC - standard encoder evaluation" on page 79

**Bosch Rexroth AG** 

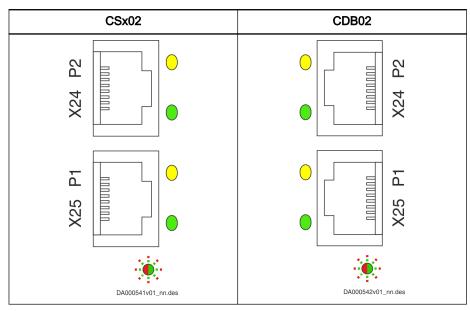
### X24 P2, X25 P1, communication 6.4

Control section type	Function
ECONOMY	sercos III, EtherCAT (S3)
	Communication module for sercos III and EtherCAT field bus systems
BASIC	Multi-Ethernet (ET)
	With the Multi-Ethernet communication module "ET", drive controllers can be integrated in different Ethernet field bus systems (e.g. sercos III, EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP or PROFINET IO).
ADVANCED	sercos III master (CC)
	Is used as "master" for cross communication (CC = Cross Communication)
	Multi-Ethernet (ET)
	With the Multi-Ethernet communication module "ET", drive controllers can be integrated in different Ethernet field bus systems (e.g. sercos III, EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP or PROFINET IO).

X24 P2, X25 P1, communication Tab. 6-4:

## Description

The connection point complies with IEEE 802.3 standard.



Tab. 6-5: Connection point

P1 means "Port 1" and P2 means "Port 2". Thereby, the error counter of the P1, P2 firmware can be directly assigned to a Port.

### Connection

sercos III, EtherNet/IP, PROFINET:

Input: arbitrary Output: arbitrary

## EtherCAT:

Input: X25 P1 Output: X24 P2

View	Connection	Signal name	Function			
	1	TD+	Transmit, differential output A			
	2	TD-	Transmit, differential output B			
	3	RD+	Receive, differential input A			
	4	n. c.	-			
	5	n. c.	-			
DA000041v01_nn.FH	6	RD-	Receive, differential input B			
	7	n. c.	-			
	8	n. c.	-			
	Housing		Shield connection			
Properties		L				
Standard	<ul><li>Ethernet</li><li>Type: RJ-45, 8-pin</li></ul>					
Compatibility	100Base-TX acco	rding to IEEE 802	2.3u			
Recommended cable type	According to	According to CAT5e; type of shield ITP (Industrial Twisted Pair)				
	Ready-made cables which can be ordered:					
	- RKB00	- RKB0011				
	Long cables (100 m at maximum) to connect the drive system to the higher-level control unit or remote communication nodes.					
	Minimum bending radius:					
	<ul> <li>48.75 mm if laid flexibly</li> </ul>					
	_ 3	<ul> <li>32.50 mm if laid permanently</li> </ul>				
	Order code for a 30 m long cable: RKB0011/030,0					
	– RKB0013					
	Short onet.	Short cables to connect devices arranged side by side in the control cabinet.				
	4 leng	4 lengths available: 0.19 m; 0.25 m; 0.35 m; 0.55 m				
	Order code for a 0.55 m long cable: RKB0013/00,55					
	Minim	Minimum bending radius: 30.75 mm				

Tab. 6-6: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

LEDs chapter 8.3 "ET - Multi-Ethernet" on page 104

### X26, Engineering interface 6.5

Description Only available at CSH02.xB-CC ADVANCED devices.

View	Connection	Signal name	Function		
	1	TD+	Transmit, differential output A		
	2	TD-	Transmit, differential output B		
	3	RD+	Receive, differential input A		
	4	n. c.	-		
	5	n. c.	-		
DA000041v01_nn.FH	6	RD-	Receive, differential input B		
	7	n. c.	-		
	8	n. c.	-		
	Housing		Shield connection		
Properties					
Standard	• Ethernet				
	• Type: RJ-45, 8-pin				
Compatibility	100Base-TX according to IEEE 802.3u				
Recommended cable type	According to CAT5e; type of shield ITP (Industrial Twisted Pair)				
	Ready-made	e cables which car	n be ordered:		
	- RKB0011				
	Long cables (100 m at maximum) to connect the drive system to the higher-level control unit or remote communication nodes.				
	Minimum bending radius:				
	- 48.75 mm if laid flexibly				
	- 32.50 mm if laid permanently				
	Order code for a 30 m long cable: RKB0011/030,0				
	- RKB0013				
	Short cables to connect devices arranged side by side in the control cabinet.				
	4 lengths available: 0.19 m; 0.25 m; 0.35 m; 0.55 m				
	Order code for a 0.55 m long cable: RKB0013/00,55				
	Minimum bending radius: 30.75 mm				

Tab. 6-7: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

# 6.6 X31 (single-axis), digital inputs, digital output

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	Default assignment	
1	1	I_1 Digital input	Digital input	Probe 1	
2	2	I_2	(type B)	Probe 2	
3 4	3	I_3	Digital input	E-Stop input	
5	4	I_4	(type A)	Travel range limit switch input	
6 7	5	I_5		Travel range limit switch input	
8	8 6 I_6	I_6		Not assigned	
DG000291v01_nn.tif	7	I_7		Not assigned	
	8	I_8/O_1	Digital input/output	Not assigned	
			(input: type A)		
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.		max.	
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5		
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16		
Stripped length	mm	-		10	

Tab. 6-8: Function, pin assignment, properties

**GND Reference** X33/1.2 is the GND reference of the digital inputs and outputs.

**Technical data** chapter 8.7.2 "Digital inputs" on page 115

chapter 8.7.3 "Digital Outputs" on page 119

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

## On-board connection points

### X31 (double-axis), digital inputs, digital output 6.7

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	Default assignment
	1.1	I_1	2.1	I_9	Digital input	Probe
1.1	1.2	I_2	2.2	I_10	(type B)	Probe
1.2	1.3	I_3	2.3	I_11	Digital input	E-Stop input
1.4 1.5 1.6	1.4	I_4	2.4	I_12	(type A)	Travel range limit switch input
1.7 1.8 27 27 28	1.5	I_5	2.5	I_13		Travel range limit switch input
DG000510v01_nn.tif	1.6	I_6	2.6	I_14		Not assigned
	1.7	I_7	2.7	I_15		Not assigned
	1.8	I_8/O_1	2.8	I_16/O_2	Digital input/output	Not assigned
					(input: type A)	
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	min.			max.	
Connection cable	mm²	0.2			1.5	
Stranded wire	AWG	24			16	
Stripped length	mm	-			10	

Tab. 6-9: Function, pin assignment, properties

**GND Reference** X33/1.2 is the GND reference of the digital inputs and outputs.

Technical data chapter 8.7.2 "Digital inputs" on page 115 chapter 8.7.3 "Digital Outputs" on page 119

# 6.8 X32 (single-axis), analog input

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function
	1	GND_100	Connection for inner cable shield
2	2	IA_1-	Analog input
DG000332v01_nn.tif	3	IA_1+	
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16
Stripped length	mm	-	10
Shielding	-	-	Only use shielded cables for cable lengths > 30 m.

Tab. 6-10: Function, pin assignment, properties

Shield connection chapter 9.3 "Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection" on page 130

Technical data chapter 8.8 "Analog Voltage Input" on page 123

### X32 (double-axis), analog input 6.9

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function
	1.1	GND_100	2.1	GND_100	Connection for inner cable shield
1.1	1.2	IA_1-	2.2	IA_2-	Analog input
1.2 22 1.3 DG000511v01_nn.tif	1.3	IA_1+	2.3	IA_2+	
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.		
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5		
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16		
Stripped length	mm	-	10		
Shielding	-	-	Only use shielded cables for cable lengths > 30 m.		

Tab. 6-11: Function, pin assignment, properties

**Shield connection** chapter 9.3 "Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection" on page 130

Technical data chapter 8.8 "Analog Voltage Input" on page 123

# 6.10 X33, Power Supply of Digital I/Os, Bb Relay

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function
	1.1	24V_EA	Power supply of the digital inputs and outputs
1.1	1.2	0V_EA	GND reference of the digital inputs and outputs
DG000512v01_nn.tif	2.1	Rel1.1	Bb relay
	2.2	Rel1.2	Bb relay
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	Min.	Max.
Connection cable	mm²	0,2	1,5
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16
Stripped length	mm	10	10

Tab. 6-12: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

**Technical Data** Bb relay: chapter 8.11.1 "Relay Contact Type 2" on page 126

### X35, digital and analog inputs/outputs 6.11

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function			
1.1	1.1	IA_2+	2.1	IA_3+	Analog input			
	1.2	IA_2-	2.2	IA_3-				
1.2	1.3	GND_100	2.3	GND_100	Connection for inner cable shield			
1.4	1.4	OA_1	2.4	OA_2	Analog output			
1.5 1.6	1.5	GND_A1	2.5	GND_A2	GND reference of analog output			
1.7	1.6	I_9/O_2	2.6	I_13	Digital input/output	Digital input		
1.8 1.9 29 29	1.7	I_10/O_3	2.7	I_14				
DG000513v01_nn.tif	1.8	I_11/O_4	2.8	I_15				
	1.9	I_12/O_5	2.9	I_16				
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.					
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5					
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16					
Stripped length	mm	-	10					

Tab. 6-13: Function, pin assignment, properties

**GND Reference** X33/1.2 is the GND reference of the digital inputs and outputs.

Shield connection chapter 9.3 "Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection" on page 130

Technical data chapter 8.7.2 "Digital inputs" on page 115

chapter 8.7.3 "Digital Outputs" on page 119

chapter 8.8 "Analog Voltage Input" on page 123

chapter 8.9 "Analog Current Input" on page 124

chapter 8.10 "Analog Output" on page 125

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The connection point is only available at single-axis control sections.

## 6.12 X36, digital inputs/outputs, analog outputs

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	
	1.1	OA_1	2.1	OA_2	Analog output	
1.1	1.2	GND_A1	2.2	GND_A2	GND reference of analog output	
1.3 1.4 1.5 1.6 DG000514v01_nn.tif	1.3	GND_100	2.3	GND_100	GND reference	
					Connection for inner cable shield	
	1.4	I_17/O_3	2.4	I_20/O_6	Digital input/output	
	1.5	I_18/O_4	2.5	I_21/O_7		
	1.6	I_19/O_5	2.6	I_22/O_8		
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.			
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5			
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16			
Stripped length	mm	-	10			

Tab. 6-14: Function, pin assignment, properties

**GND Reference** X33/1.2 is the GND reference of the digital inputs and outputs.

Shield connection chapter 9.3 "Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection" on page 130

**Technical data** chapter 8.7.2 "Digital inputs" on page 115

chapter 8.7.3 "Digital Outputs" on page 119

chapter 8.10 "Analog Output" on page 125



The connection point is only available at double-axis control sections.

# 7 Optional connection points

## 7.1 Overview

Optional module	Function	Name of option	Notes	
		Connection point		
Communication	CANopen	CN	CANopen field bus	
		X61	Applies to: BASIC CSB02.1B, ADVANCED	
	PROFIBUS	РВ	PROFIBUS field bus	
		X30	Applies to: BASIC, ADVANCED	
	Multi-Ethernet	ET	Ethernet-based communication	
		X22 P2, X23 P1	Applies to: ADVANCED	
Inputs/outputs	Digital and analog inputs/	DA	X37: Digital inputs/outputs	
	outputs	X37, X38	X38: Analog inputs/outputs	
Encoder evaluation	Multi-encoder systems	EC	Applies to: BASIC, ADVANCED	
		X8, X10		
Encoder emulation	Emulation of absolute and	EM	Emulation absolute encoder in SSI format	
	incremental encoders	X8, X10	Applies to: BASIC, ADVANCED	
			At most 1 × EM per axis	
Safety technology	Safe Motion	Motion S4 Applies to: BASIC CSB02.1B, I ADVANCED		
	Safe Motion	S5 X41, X42, X43	Applies to: BASIC CSB02.1B, BASIC CDB02.1B, ADVANCED	
			Option S5 supports:	
			All safety functions, as does option S4	
			Two encoder evaluations	
			Resolver encoder evaluation	
	Safe Motion Bus	SB	Applies to: BASIC CSB02.1B, BASIC CDB02.1B,	
		No separate	ADVANCED	
		connection point	The safety functions are implemented via the communication.	
	Safe Torque Off	L3	Applies to: ECONOMY, BASIC, ADVANCED	
		X49		
Control panel	Standard control panel	HAP01.1N	Single-line display without a slot for a microSD mem-	
		H1	ory card	
	ADVANCED control panel	HAP01.1A H1	Single-line display with a slot for a microSD memory card and additional FRAMfor MLD retain variables	
Memory	Exchangeable medium for parameters and firmware	PFM04.1	microSD memory card for control panel	

Tab. 7-1: Available optional modules

### X8 or X10, Encoder (EC Option) 7.2

Technical Data chapter 6.2 "X4, Motor Encoder Connection" on page 48

## 7.3 X8 or X10, Encoder Emulation (EM Option)

Description

Emulation of absolute value and incremental encoder signals for further evaluation by a control unit. The signals are galvanically isolated from the circuit board.

View	Identifica- tion	Fund	ction	
8 15 9 DA000056v01_nn.FH9			Encoder emulation	
D-Sub 15-pin, male	Unit	Min.	Max.	
Connection cable Stranded wire	mm <sup>2</sup>	0,25	0,5	

Tab. 7-2: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

### **Emulated Encoder Systems**

- Incremental encoder
- Absolute encoder (SSI encoder)
- Incremental encoder with signal level converter

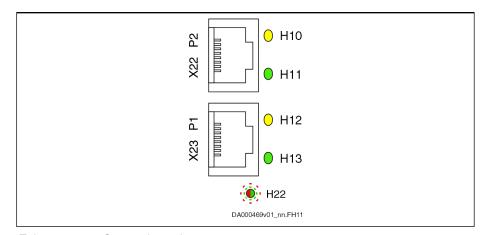
## Pin Assignment

Connec- tion	Signal	Level	Input/ Output	Function	Incremen- tal encod- er	SSI en- coder	Incremental encoder with signal level converter
1	n. c.	-	-	Not assigned			
2	UL	U <sub>ext</sub>	In	Power supply for output driver			✓
3	SSI_CLK+	RS422	In	SSI clock positive		✓	
4	SSI_CLK-	RS422	In	SSI clock negative		✓	
5	n. c.	-	-	Not assigned			
6	ULA0	U <sub>out</sub>	Out	Reference track with UL level			✓
7	ULA1	U <sub>out</sub>	Out	Track A1 with UL level			✓
8	ULA2	U <sub>out</sub>	Out	Track A2 with UL level			✓
9	ULA0+	RS422	Out	Reference track positive	✓		
	SSI_Data+	RS422	Out	SSI data positive		✓	
10	0 V	0 V	-	Reference potential / inner shield	✓	✓	✓
11	ULA0-	RS422	Out	Reference track negative	✓		
	SSI_Data-	RS422	Out	SSI data negative		✓	
12	UA1+	RS422	Out	Track A1 positive	✓		
13	UA1-	RS422	Out	Track A1 negative	✓		
14	UA2+	RS422	Out	Track A2 positive	✓		
15	UA2-	RS422	Out	Track A2 negative	✓		
Connector housing	-	-	-	Overall shield			

Tab. 7-3: Pin Assignment

**Technical Data** chapter 8.2 "EM - Encoder emulation" on page 100

# 7.4 X22 P2, X23 P1, Multi-Ethernet (ET option)

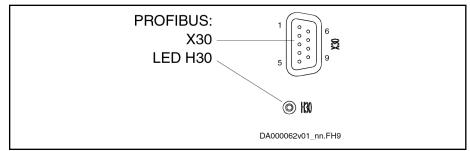


Tab. 7-4: Connection point

Technical data chapter 6.4 "X24 P2, X25 P1, communication" on page 50

#### X30, PROFIBUS PB 7.5

## **Description**



PROFIBUS Interface Fig. 7-1:

View	Identification	Function			
1 6 6 9 DA000054v01_nn.FH9	X30	PROFIBUS PB			
D-Sub, 9-pin, female	Unit	Min.	Max.		
Connection cable Stranded wire	mm <sup>2</sup>	0,08	0,5		

Tab. 7-5: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

### Pin Assignment

		,	•
Pin	DIR	Signal	Function
1		-	n. c.
2		-	n. c.
3	I/O	RS485+	Receive/transmit data-positive
4	0	CNTR-P	Repeater control signal
5		0 V	0 V
6	0	+5 V	Repeater supply
7		-	n. c.
8	I/O	RS485-	Receive/transmit data-negative
9		0V	0 V

Tab. 7-6: Signal Assignment

**Shield Connection** 

Via D-sub mounting screws and metallized connector housing.

Compatibility of the Interface

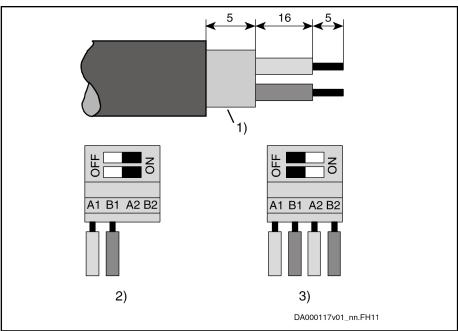
According to DIN EN 50 170

Recommended Cable Type

According to DIN EN 50 170 - 2, cable type A

**Bus Connectors** 

The PROFIBUS connectors each have a connectable terminating resistor. The terminating resistor must always be active at both the first and last bus node. Carry out the connection as shown in the figures below.



- 1) Shield
- 2) Bus connection and switch position for first node and last node
- 3) Bus connection and switch position for all other nodes

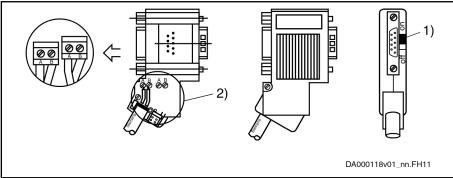
Fig. 7-2: Preparing a Cable for Connecting a Bus Connector

To assemble the bus cable, proceed as follows:

- Use cable according to DIN EN50170 / 2 edition 1996
- Strip cable (see figure above)
- Insert both cores into screw terminal block

## Do not interchange the cores for A and B.

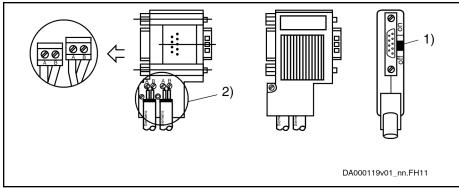
- Press cable sheath between both clamps
- Screw on both cores in screw terminals



Switch position for first slave and last slave in PROFIBUS-DP
 Cable shield must have direct contact to metal

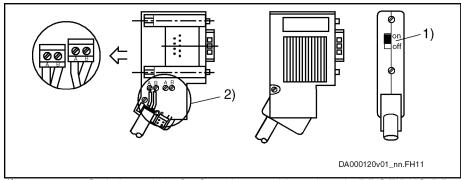
Fig. 7-3: Bus Connection for First and Last Slave, Bus Connector With 9-pin D-Sub Female Connector, INS0541

**Bosch Rexroth AG** 



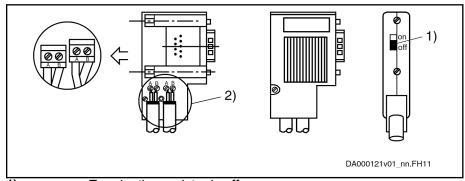
- Terminating resistor is off
- 2) Cable shield must have direct contact to metal

Fig. 7-4: Bus Connection for all Other Slaves, Bus Connector With 9-pin D-Sub Female Connector, INS0541



- Switch position for first slave and last slave in PROFIBUS-DP
- 2) Cable shield must have direct contact to metal

Fig. 7-5: Bus Connection for First and Last Slave, Without 9-pin D-Sub Female Connector, INS0540



- Terminating resistor is off
- 2) Cable shield must have direct contact to metal

Fig. 7-6: Bus Connection for all Other Slaves, Without 9-pin D-Sub Female Connector, INS0540

Connect the drive controller to a control unit using a shielded two-wire line in accordance with DIN 19245/Part 1.

Signal Specification chapter 8.4 "PB - PROFIBUS" on page 111

# 7.6 X37, Digital Inputs/Outputs (DA Option)

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	
	1.1	I_3	Digital input	2.1	IO_1	Digital input/output	
1.1	1.2	I_4		2.2	IO_2		
1.2	1.3	I_5		2.3	O_3	Digital output	
1.4 1.5	1.4	I_6		2.4	0_4		
1.6 1.7 2.6 2.7	1.5	I_7		2.5	O_5		
1.8	1.6	I_8		2.6	O_6		
DG000510v01_nn.tif	1.7	24V_Ext	Power supply (U <sub>ext</sub> )	2.7	0_7		
	1.8	0V_Ext		2.8	O_8		
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	Min.	Max.				
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0,2	1,5				

Tab. 7-7: Function, Pin Assignment, Properties

**Technical Data** 

AWG

mm

24

Stranded wire

Stripped length

• chapter "Digital Inputs Type A (Standard)" on page 115

16

10

• chapter "Digital Outputs (Standard)" on page 119

### X38, analog inputs/outputs (DA option) 7.7

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function		
	1.1	GND_AnaEA	GND reference	2.1	IA_2+	Analog input		
1.1	1.2	OA_1	Analog output	2.2	IA_2-			
1.3 1.4 1.5 DG000522v01_nn.tif	1.3	GND_100_An aOut	GND reference of analog output	2.3	GND_100_An aln	GND reference of analog input		
	1.4	OA_2	Analog output	2.4	IA_1+	Analog input		
	1.5	GND_AnaEA	GND reference	2.5	IA_1-			
Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.					
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	0.2	1.5					
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16					
Stripped length	mm	-		10				

Tab. 7-8: Function, pin assignment, properties

Shield connection chapter 9.3 "Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection" on page 130

Technical data

- chapter 8.8 "Analog Voltage Input" on page 123
- chapter 8.9 "Analog Current Input" on page 124
- chapter 8.10 "Analog Output" on page 125

## 7.8 X41, Safe Motion safety technology

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function					
- 13 m	1.1	SI_Out_Ch2	Safe output channel 2					
1.1	1.2	0V	Power supply of inputs/outputs (U <sub>ext</sub> )					
1.2 2.2 1.3 2.3	1.3	SI_Out_Ch1	Safe output channel 1					
2.0	2.1	SI_In_Ch2	Input 2					
	2.2	24V	Power supply of inputs/outputs (U <sub>ext</sub> )					
	2.3	SI_In_Ch1	Input 1					
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	Min.	Max.					
Connection cable	mm <sup>2</sup>	1	1.5					
Stranded wire	AWG	16	16					
Stripped length	mm	-	10					
Polarity reversal protection for power supply	-	Available						
Overvoltage protection	-	Available						

Tab. 7-9: X41, Safe Motion safety technology

**Technical data** chapter "Digital Inputs (Safety Technology S Options)" on page 118 chapter "Digital Outputs (Safety Technology S Options)" on page 121

## 7.9 X41.1, X41.2, Safe Motion safety technology

**Assignment** X41.1: Axis 1 X41.2: Axis 2

Pin assignment chapter 7.8 "X41, Safe Motion safety technology" on page 71

## 7.10 X42, X43, Safe Motion safety technology (communication)

View	Identifica- tion	Function
X42: X43:	X42 X43	Connection points for connecting the HSZ01 safety zone module and the safety zone nodes: X42: Input X43: Output
Connection cable	<ul> <li>Maxin</li> <li>Numb</li> <li>-</li> <li>Ready</li> <li>-</li> </ul>	num total length of <b>all</b> cables of a safety zone: <b>2,500 m</b> num length of <b>one</b> cable between two connection points: <b>100 m</b> er of safety zone nodes (without HSZ01):  Maximum: 35  Minimum: 1  y-made cables which can be ordered: <b>RKB0051</b> Short cables to connect devices arranged side by side in the control cabinet.  Available lengths: 0.19 m; 0.25 m; 0.35 m; 0.55 m  Minimum bending radius: 4xD (= 4x6 mm = 24 mm)  Order code for a 0.55 m long cable: RKB0051/00,55 <b>RKB0052</b> Long cables to connect remote communication nodes, also outside of the control cabinet.  Available lengths: 1 m; 2 m; 5 m  Minimum bending radius: 8xD (= 8x6 mm = 48 mm)  Order code for a 5 m long cable: RKB0052/005,0  A flexible installation of the cable is not allowed.

Tab. 7-10: X42, X43

# 7.11 X42.1, X42.2, X43.1, X43.2, Safe Motion safety technology (communication)

Assignment X42.1, X43.1: Axis 1

X42.2, X43.2: Axis 2

Data chapter 7.10 "X42, X43, Safe Motion safety technology (communication)" on

page 72

## 7.12 X48, SBC safety technology

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function					
	1.1	Ext_SI_bSBC_Ch2	Channel 2 brake control output					
1.1	1.2	Ext_Diag_I_Brake	Channel 1 and channel 2 diagnostic input					
1.2	2.1	Ext_SI_bSBC_Ch1	Channel 1 brake control output					
DG000516v01_nn.tif	2.2	-	n. c.					

Tab. 7-11: Pin assignment

#### Mechanical data

Spring terminal (con- nector)	Unit	min.	max.
Connection cable	mm²	0.2	1.5
Stranded wire	AWG	24	16
Stripped length	mm	-	10

Tab. 7-12: Mechanical data

"SBC safety technology" additionally requires an external HAT02 control module.

## 7.13 X48.1, X48.2, SBC safety technology

Assignment X48.1: Axis 1

X48.2: Axis 2

Pin assignment chapter 7.12 "X48, SBC safety technology" on page 73

"SBC safety technology" additionally requires an external HAT02 control module.

#### X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off 7.14

View	Connec- tion	Signal name	Function
SI_Ch2 1	1	SI_Ch2	Input for selection of channel 2
0V 2 SI_Ch1 3	2	0V	Power supply of inputs/outputs
+24V 4 Dyn_Ch2 5	3	SI_Ch1	Input for selection of channel 1
Dyn_Ch1 6	4	+24V	Power supply of inputs/outputs
	5	Dyn_Ch2	Dynamization output channel 2
	6	Dyn_Ch1	Dynamization output channel 1
Spring terminal (connector)	Unit	Min.	Max.
Connection cable	mm²	1	1.5
Stranded wire	AWG	16	16
Stripped length	mm	-	8

Tab. 7-13: X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off

When the dynamization outputs do not work, check the power B supply connection. The polarity might possibly have been reversed.

Technical data chapter "Digital inputs (safety technology L options)" on page 117 chapter "Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)" on page 120

#### 7.15 X49.1, X49.2, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off

**Assignment** X49.1: Axis 1

X49.2: Axis 2

Pin assignment chapter 7.14 "X49, optional safety technology Safe Torque Off" on page 74

## 7.16 X61, CANopen (CN Option)

#### Description

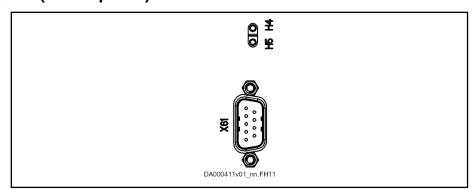


Fig. 7-7: CANopen

#### **Connection Point**

Connection point	Туре	Num- ber of poles	Type of de- sign	Stranded wire [mm²]	Figure
X61	D-Sub	9	Pins on device	0,25–0,5	1 6 5 9 DA000194v01_nn.FH11

Tab. 7-14: Connection point

### Pin Assignment

Pin	Signal	Function
1	n. c.	-
2	CAN-L	Negated CAN signal (Dominant Low)
3	CAN-GND	Reference potential of CAN signals
4	n. c.	-
5	Drain/Shield	Shield connection
6	GND	Reference potential of device
7	CAN-H	Positive CAN signal (Dominant High)
8	n. c.	-
9	n. c.	-

Tab. 7-15: Signal Assignment

Technical Data chapter 8.5 "CN - CANopen" on page 112

#### 7.17 **Control panels**

#### Type code 7.17.1

Short type designation	1	2	3	4 5	6 6	7	8	9	1 0 1	2	2 3	4	5	6	7	8 8	2		2	3	4 5	5 6	6 7	8	3	1	2	3	4	5	6	7 8	В	4 9 0
Example:	Н	Α	Р	0 1	١.	1	N	-	0 1	8	3 -	N	N	-	F۱	N																		
		①		2		3	4		(5	)		(	₿		7	)																		
①	Р	rod	uc	t:																														
	Н	ΑP	=	Coı	ntro	ol p	ane	el																										
2	S	erie	es:																															
	0	1 =	01																															
3	D	esi	sign:																															
	1	= 1	: 1																															
4	A	ddi	ditional option:																															
	Α	= /	٩D	VA	VС	ED	CC	ntı	ol p	an	el v	vitl	h m	ner	nor	ус	ard	slo	ot															
	N	= ;	Sta	nda	ard	СО	ntr	ol p	oane	el v	vith	ou	ıt m	nen	nor	у с	ard	slo	ot															
(5)	М	em	or	y si	ze:																													
	0	18	= 1	8 N	1B	(ex	am	nple	e)																									
6	0	the	r d	lesi	gn:																													
	N	N = None																																
7	Fi	irmware:																																
	F۱	<b>W</b> :	= F	irm	wa	re ı	mu	st l	be o	rd	ere	d a	as a	a s	ера	ara	te s	ub	po:	sitio	on													

Tab. 7-16: HAP01 type code

## 7.17.2 ADVANCED Control Panel HAP01.1A



For a detailed description of the control panel, see the documentation "Application Manual, Functions" of the firmware used.

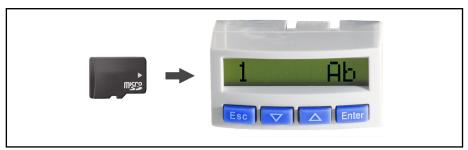


Fig. 7-8: ADVANCED Control Panel HAP01.1A

### Description The ADVANCED control panel HAP01.1A

- has a slot for a microSD memory card (PFM04.1)
- has a single-line display
- is suited for hot plug
- can be used as programming module
- The display shows operating states, command and error diagnoses and pending warnings.
- Using the four **keys**, the commissioning engineer or service technician can have extended diagnoses displayed and trigger simple commands.
- Memory:
  - 2 MB (data, flash memory)
  - 16 MB (code, flash memory)
  - 32 kB (retain data, FRAM memory)

**Bosch Rexroth AG** 

## 7.17.3 Standard Control Panel HAP01.1N



For a detailed description of the control panel, see the documentation "Application Manual, Functions" of the firmware used.

In the future, the standard control panel HAP01.1N will be replaced by the standard control panel HAP01.1**E**.



Fig. 7-9: Standard Control Panel HAP01.1N

#### **Description**

The standard control panel

- has a single-line display
- must have been plugged in when the drive controller is switched on so that it can be recognized (not suited for hot plug)
- can be used as programming module
- The **display** shows operating states, command and error diagnoses and pending warnings.
- Using the four **keys**, the commissioning engineer or service technician can have extended diagnoses displayed and trigger simple commands.
- Memory
  - 400 kbytes for MLD boot program
  - 492 bytes for MLD retain variables

## 8 Technical data - functions

## 8.1 EC - standard encoder evaluation

## 8.1.1 Supported encoder systems

Supported Encoder Systems

Encoder systems with a supply voltage of 5 and 12 volt:

- MSM motor encoder
- MSK motor encoder
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; HIPERFACE®
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; EnDat 2.1; (EnDat 2.2 in preparation)
- Sin-cos encoder 1V<sub>pp</sub>; with reference track
- 5V-TTL square-wave encoder; with reference track
- SSI
- Combined encoder for SSI (combination of SSI and sin-cos encoder  $1V_{pp}$ )
- Resolver (resolvers are **not** supported if an optional "Safe Motion" safety technology is available at the same time.)
- Hall sensor box SHL02.1
- Digital Hall sensor in conjunction with Hall sensor adapter box SHL03.1

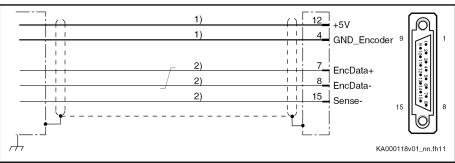
## 8.1.2 Encoder type

### IndraDyn S MSM motors (5V supply voltage)

**Properties** 

Encoder systems of the MSM motors are digital encoder systems that can be evaluated in absolute form.

Connection diagram



 Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-1: EC connection diagram with encoder system of IndraDyn S MSM motors

B

For **direct** connection to the encoder system, use our **RKG0033** cable.

**Power supply** 5 V (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

Cable length 40 m at most

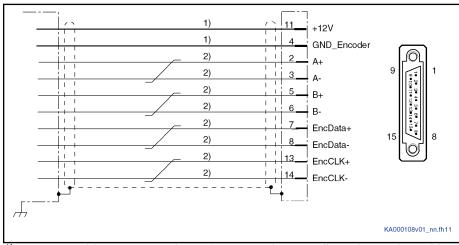
### IndraDyn S MSK/QSK motors S1/M1, S2/M2, S3/M3, S5/M5 (12 V supply voltage)

#### **Properties**

Encoder systems of the MSK/QSK motors are HIPERFACE® (S1/M1, S3/M3, S5/M5) or EnDat 2.1 (S2/M2) encoder systems.

The type code of the motor shows whether or not the encoder system supports the single-turn (Sx) or multi-turn (Mx) functionality. Example: The MSK050C-0600-NN-**S1**-UG0-NNNN motor has a HIPERFACE® single-turn encoder system.

#### Connection diagram



Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm²; observe allowed encoder cable

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-2: Connection diagram MSK/QSK encoder interface for S1/M1, S2/M2, S5/M5 encoder systems

B

For **direct** connection to the encoder system, use our **RKG4200** cable.

Power supply

12 V (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92

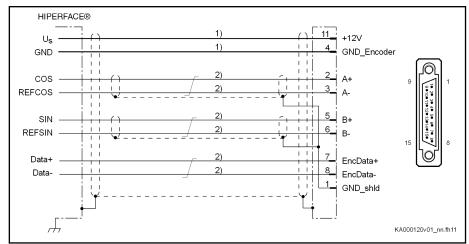
Cable length

The maximum allowed cable length depends on several factors: See chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

## HIPERFACE® (12 V supply voltage)

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

#### Connection diagram



 Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm²

Fig. 8-3: HIPERFACE® encoder system connection diagram

#### Power supply

The HIPERFACE® encoder system requires a 12 V supply voltage. This supply voltage is made available via the EC interface.

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92



Observe that the third-party encoder used must be suited for the voltage available at the EC interface as the encoder supply voltage.

#### Cable length

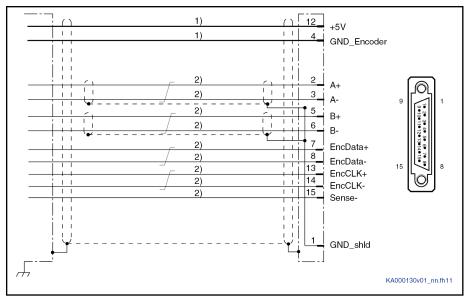
The maximum possible cable length depends on several factors: See chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

### EnDat 2.1 according to Heidenhain standard (5 V supply voltage)

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

Connection diagram

**Bosch Rexroth AG** 



Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-4: EC connection diagram with EnDat 2.1 encoder system

B

2)

For direct connection to the encoder system, use our RKG0036 cable.

Power supply **5 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply"

on page 92

Cable Length **75 m** at most (when using the Sense function)

When you do not use the Sense function, the maximum cable length is re-

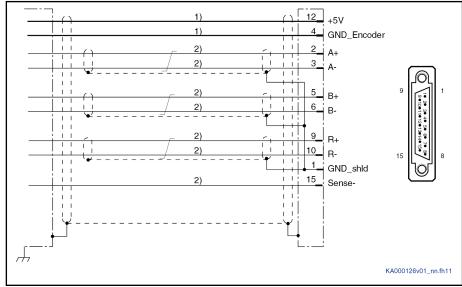
duced (see chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94).

**Technical properties** Use the Sense function to ensure stable power supply at the encoder. Description of the Sense function: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

## 1V<sub>pp</sub> according to Heidenhain standard (5 V supply voltage)

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

Connection diagram



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-5: EC connection diagram with  $1V_{pp}$  encoder system

礟

For direct connection to the encoder system, use our RKG0035 cable.

Power supply **5 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

> Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

Cable Length **75 m** at most (when using the Sense function)

> When you do not use the Sense function, the maximum cable length is reduced (see chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94).

**Technical properties** Use the Sense function to ensure stable power supply at the encoder. Description of the Sense function: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

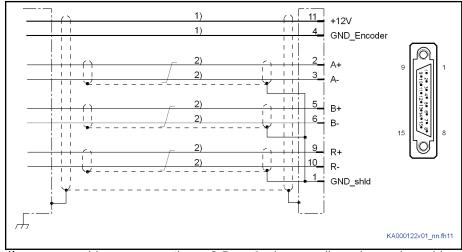
IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

Technical data - functions

## 1V<sub>pp</sub> (12 V supply voltage)

Connection diagram

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm²; observe allowed encoder cable

length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm²

Fig. 8-6: Connection diagram 1V<sub>pp</sub> encoder system

Power supply

12 V (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92

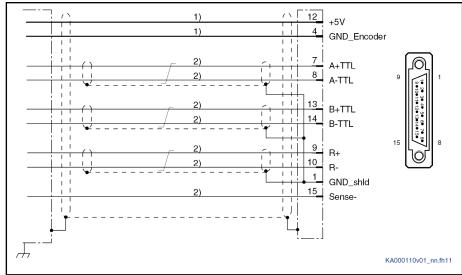
Cable length

The maximum allowed cable length depends on several factors: See chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

## TTL (5 V supply voltage)

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

#### Connection diagram



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm²; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-7: EC connection diagram with TTL encoder system

#### Power supply

**5 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

#### Cable Length

75 m at most (when using the Sense function)

When you do not use the Sense function, the maximum cable length is reduced (see chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94).

#### **Technical properties**

Use the Sense function to ensure stable power supply at the encoder. Description of the Sense function: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

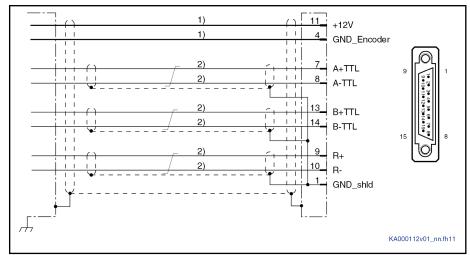
IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

Technical data - functions

## TTL (12 V supply voltage)

Connection diagram

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm²; observe allowed encoder cable

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm²

Fig. 8-8: Connection diagram TTL encoder system

Power supply

**12 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92

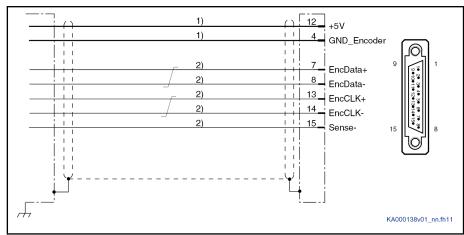
Cable length

The maximum allowed cable length depends on several factors: See chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

## SSI (5 V supply voltage)

Connection diagram

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-9: EC connection diagram with SSI encoder system

Power supply **5 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

> Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

Cable Length **75 m** at most (when using the Sense function)

When you do not use the Sense function, the maximum cable length is re-

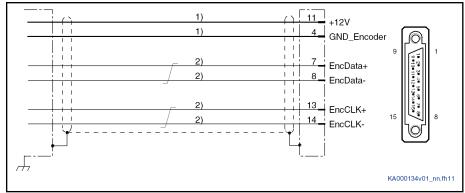
duced (see chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94).

**Technical properties** Use the Sense function to ensure stable power supply at the encoder. Description of the Sense function: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

## SSI (12 V supply voltage)

Connection diagram

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.



1) Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm²; observe allowed encoder cable

length

**2)** Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm² Fig. 8-10: Connection diagram SSI encoder system

Power supply 12 V (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92

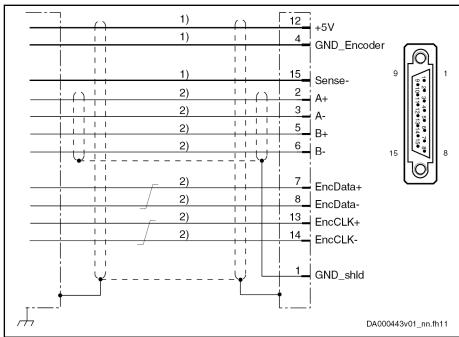
Cable length The maximum allowed cable length depends on several factors: See chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

## Combined encoder for SSI (5 V supply voltage)

The combined encoder for SSI is a combination of SSI and sin-cos encoder

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

#### Connection diagram



<u>1)</u> Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length

2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-11: EC connection diagram with SSI encoder system

Power supply **5 V** (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

> Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

Cable Length **75 m** at most (when using the Sense function)

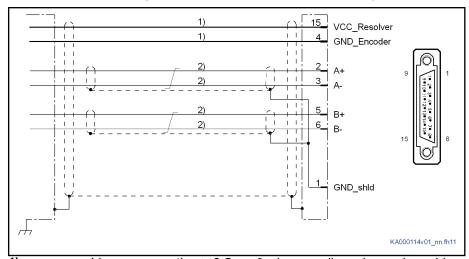
> When you do not use the Sense function, the maximum cable length is reduced (see chapter 8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94).

**Technical properties** Use the Sense function to ensure stable power supply at the encoder. Description of the Sense function: See chapter "5 V power supply" on page 92

### Resolver without encoder data memory

See the connection diagram for how to connect the encoder system.

#### Connection diagram



- Line cross section ≥ 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; observe allowed encoder cable length
- 2) Line cross section ≥ 0.14 mm<sup>2</sup>

Fig. 8-12: EC connection diagram with resolver encoder system

#### Power supply

The EC interface supplies the resolver encoder system with a carrier voltage amplitude of 11  $V_{\text{pp}}$ .

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "Resolver power supply" on page 92



Observe that the resolver encoder used must be suited for the voltage available at the EC interface as the encoder supply voltage.

#### Cable length

#### 75 m at most

#### Specific technical features

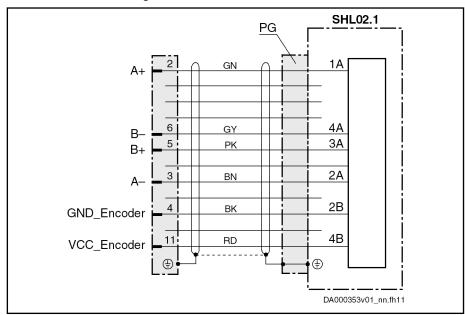
The encoder evaluation has been sized for resolvers with a **transfer ratio** of **0.5**.

Resolvers are **not** supported if an optional "Safe Motion" safety technology is available at the same time.

## Hall sensor box SHL02.1 (12 V supply voltage)

See the connection diagram for how to connect the Hall sensor box SHL02.1.

Connection diagram



VCC\_Encoder +12 V

Fig. 8-13: Connection diagram Hall sensor box SHL02.1

Power supply 12 V (the voltage is made available via the EC interface)

Technical specification of the power supply: See chapter "12 V power supply" on page 92

Cable length The n

The maximum allowed cable length depends on several factors: See chapter

8.1.4 "Encoder cable length" on page 94

Specific technical features

For detailed information on the Hall sensor box SHL02.1, see the Functional Description "Rexroth Hall sensor box SHL02.1" (R911292537).

#### 8.1.3 Power supply

### 5 V power supply

5 V power supply

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.			
DC output voltage +5V	V	5.0		5.25			
Output current	mA			500 <sup>1)</sup>			

1) The sum of the power consumptions of all connected encoder systems (5 V / 12 V) should not exceed 6 W..

Tab. 8-1: 5 V power supply

#### Switching off power supply via firmware

The "parking axis" firmware command (C1600) causes the encoder power supply to be switched off.

#### Sense function

The EC encoder evaluation allows correcting the 5 V supply voltage at the encoder. It is thereby possible, within certain limits, to compensate for voltage drops on the encoder cable.

Functional principle: The current consumption of the connected encoder system generates a voltage drop due to the ohmic resistance of the encoder cable (line cross section and line length). This reduces the signal at the encoder input. The actual value of the 0 V encoder potential at the encoder is measured via a separate "Sense" line (Sense-) and fed back to the drive controller. Thus, the drive controller can influence the voltage of the encoder supply.



For correct "Sense" evaluation, the encoder supply lines "+5V" and "GND Encoder" have to have the same line cross section.

If the encoder has a "Sense-" connection, connect the "Sense" line at this connection. A possibly existing "Sense+" connection is not used.

If the encoder has no "Sense" connection, apply the 0 V encoder potential to the "Sense-" line on the encoder side.

### 12 V power supply

12 V power supply

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Voltage for encoder supply	V	10.7	12	12.3
Output current	mA			500 <sup>1)</sup>

1) The sum of the power consumptions of all connected encoder systems (5 V / 12 V) should not exceed 6 W..

Tab. 8-2: 12 V power supply

Switching off power supply via firmware The "parking axis" firmware command (C1600) causes the encoder power supply to be switched off.

#### Resolver power supply

Resolver encoder system

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
AC output voltage VCC_Resolver (peak-peak value)	V	8.3	10	12
Output frequency sine	kHz		8	

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

Technical data - functions

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Output current (peak value)	mA			60
Output current (rms value)	mA			40

Tab. 8-3: Resolver encoder supply

Switching off power supply via firmware

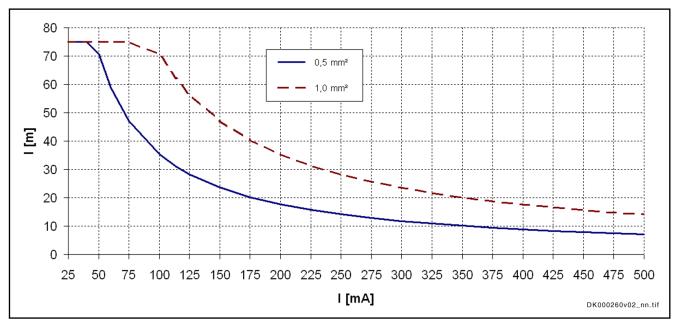
The "parking axis" firmware command (C1600) causes the encoder power supply to be switched off.

#### Encoder cable length 8.1.4

B

Use lines with the same line cross section for encoder supply.

Allowed encoder cable length for 5 V encoder systems without Sense function If the encoder system used does not support the Sense function, the maximum possible cable length results from the diagram below.



I [mA] Encoder current consumption I [m] Cable length 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>; 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup> Line cross sections

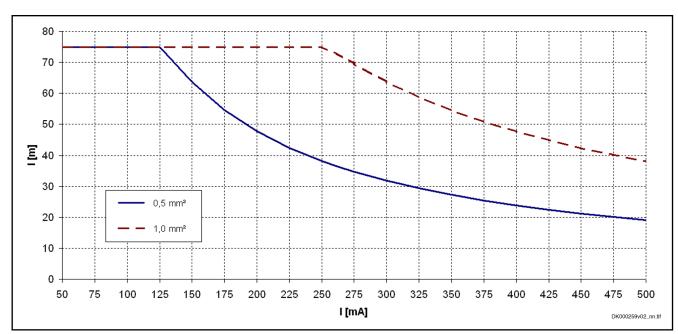
Maximum allowed encoder cable lengths for 5 V encoder systems Fig. 8-14: without Sense connection depending on cable cross section

Allowed encoder cable length for 5 V encoder systems with Sense function 75 m at most (exception: 40 m at most for IndraDyn S MSM motors) The cross section of the supply voltage lines has to be at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>.

Allowed encoder cable length for 12 V encoder systems

#### Requirements:

- The cross section of the supply voltage lines is at least 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup>
- The minimum allowed supply voltage at the encoder is 10 V



I [mA] Encoder current consumption I [m] Cable length 0.5 mm²; 1.0 mm² Line cross sections

Fig. 8-15: Maximum allowed encoder cable lengths for 12 V encoder systems depending on the line cross-section at 10 V supply voltage



Nominal current consumption of the MSK motor encoders: 60 mA

Allowed encoder cable length for resolver encoder systems

**75 m** at most (The cross section of the supply voltage lines must be at least  $0.5 \text{ mm}^2$ .)

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

Technical data - functions

#### Technical data of EC encoder evaluation 8.1.5

Input circuit for sine signals A+, A-, B+, B-, R+, R-

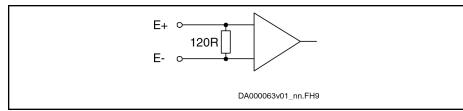


Fig. 8-16: Input circuit for sine signals (block diagram)

#### Properties of differential input for sine signals

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Amplitude of encoder signal peak- peak (U <sub>PPencodersignal</sub> )	V	0.8	1.0	1.2
Cut-off frequency (-3 dB)	kHz		400	
Converter width A/D converter	Bit		12	
Input resistance	ohm		120	

Tab. 8-4: Differential input sine

Resolver input circuit for A+, A-, B

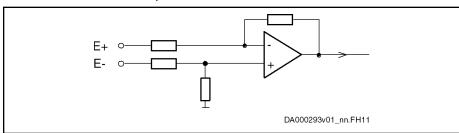


Fig. 8-17: Input circuit for resolver evaluation (block diagram)

Input circuit for square-wave sig-

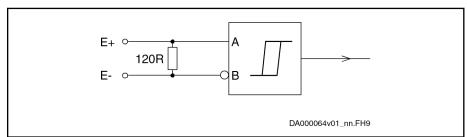


Fig. 8-18: Input circuit for square-wave signals (block diagram)

#### Properties of differential input for square-wave signals

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Input voltage "high"	V	2.4		5.0
Input voltage "low"	V	0		0.8
Input frequency	kHz			1000
Input resistance	ohm		120	

Tab. 8-5: Differential input square-wave signals

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

## Technical data - functions

## Differential input for resolver operation

Data	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Amplitude encoder signal sine $(U_{pp})$	V		5	6
Input resistance	kOhm		12	
Converter width A/D converter	Bit		12	

Tab. 8-6: Resolver operation input data

## 8.1.6 Signal assignment to the actual position value

Signal assignment 1)	Signal designation	Signal shape	Actual position value (with default setting)
	A+	Sine (1 V <sub>pp</sub> )	Rotary motor:
	A-	Without absolute value	Increasing actual position val- ues with clockwise motor mo- tion (when viewed from the
	B+		front toward the A-side shaft end)
	D. ~		Linear Rexroth motor:
	R+ C		Increasing actual position val- ues with motor motion in the di- rection of cable outlet
DK000089v01_nn.FH9	DF000381v01_nn.FH11		
	A+TTL ⊶	Square-wave (TTL)	
	A-TTL → □□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	Without absolute value	
	B+TTL ⊶ □		
	B-TTL ⊶		
	R+ • -		
DK000090v01_nn.FH9	R- 0- DF000380v01_nn.FH11		
	A+	Sine (1 V <sub>pp</sub> )	
	A- •	With absolute value (e.g. En- Dat)	
	B+ •		
	B-		
DK000088v01_nn.FH9	DF000382v01_nn.FH11		
	A+	Resolver	
	A-		
	B+ ○ □ □ □		
	B		
Amplitude-modulated signal	DF000382v01_nn.FH11		

**1)** See following note *Tab. 8-7:* Signal assignment to the actual position value



The encoder signal assignment to the inputs is based on clockwise rotation (front view toward motor shaft).

- Track A (A+, A-) advances track B (B+, B-) 90° electrically.
- The actual position value increases (prerequisite: negation of the encoder signals was not parameterized).
- If available, the reference track R (R+, R-) provides the reference mark pulse at positive signals of track A and track B (in the so-called "0-th" quadrant).



Standard setting: See Functional Description of firmware.

IndraDrive Control Sections CSB02, CSE02, CSH02, CDB02

Technical data - functions

## 8.2 EM - Encoder emulation

## 8.2.1 Cables

Data	Symbol	Unit	max.
Length (shielded cable)	I <sub>shield</sub>	m	40
Length (unshielded cable)	l <sub>unshield</sub>	m	30
Capacitance	С	pF/m	60

Tab. 8-8: Cables

## 8.2.2 Incremental encoder emulation

#### Connection

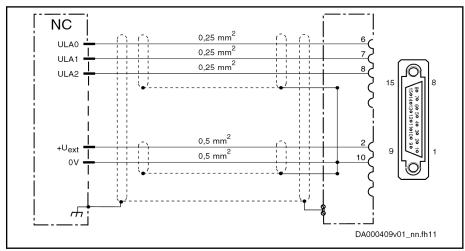


Fig. 8-19: Incremental encoder with signal level conversion (single-ended)

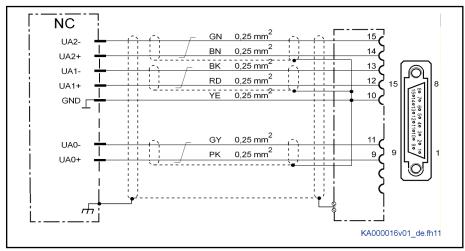


Fig. 8-20: Incremental encoder (RS422)

## Electrical data

## Single-ended

Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Input voltage	U <sub>ext</sub>	V	5		30
Current consumption at U <sub>ext</sub>	I <sub>ext</sub>	mA	25		25 + 3×I <sub>out</sub>
Output voltage "high"	U <sub>Out_High</sub>	V	U <sub>ext</sub> - 2V		U <sub>ext</sub>
Output voltage "low"	U <sub>Out_Low</sub>	V	0		1.5
Output current	I <sub>Out</sub>	mA	-		40
Overload protection	-	-	Present		
Short circuit protection	-	-	Present		

Tab. 8-9: Single-ended

## **RS422**

Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Output voltage "high"	$U_{Out\_High}$	V	2.5		5
Output voltage "low"	U <sub>Out_Low</sub>	V	0		0.5
Output current	I <sub>Out</sub>	mA	-		20
Overload protection	-	-	Present		
Short circuit protection	-	-	Present		

Tab. 8-10: Outputs, RS422

Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Input voltage "high"	U <sub>In_High</sub>	V	2.5		5
Input voltage "low"	U <sub>In_Low</sub>	V	0		0.5
Input resistance (difference)	R <sub>In_D</sub>	ohm	110		130
Input resistance	R <sub>In</sub>	kOhm	150		
Overload protection	-	-	Present		
Short circuit protection	-	-	Present		

Tab. 8-11: Inputs, RS422

#### Absolute encoder emulation (SSI format) 8.2.3

### Connection

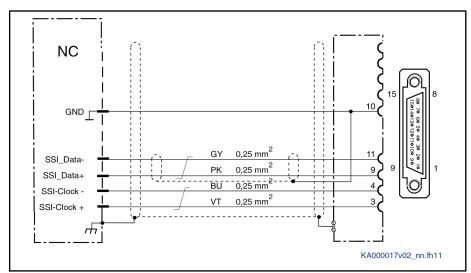
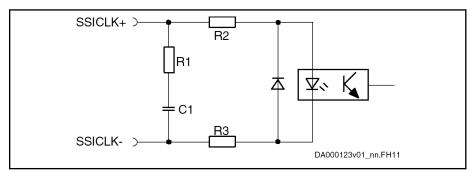


Fig. 8-21: Output of absolute actual position values according to SSI format



Differential input circuit (block diagram) Fig. 8-22:

### Electrical data

Differential inputs, absolute encoder emulation

Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Input voltage "high"	U <sub>In_High</sub>	V	2.5		5
Input voltage "low"	U <sub>In_Low</sub>	V	0		0.5
Input resistance (difference)	R <sub>In_D</sub>	ohm	110		130
Input resistance	R <sub>In</sub>	kOhm	150		
Clock frequency	f	kHz	100–1000		
Overload protection	-	-	Present		
Short circuit protection	-	-	Present		

Tab. 8-12: Differential inputs

Differential outputs, absolute encoder emulation

Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Output voltage "high"	U <sub>Out_High</sub>	V	2.5		5
Output voltage "low"	U <sub>Out_Low</sub>	V	0		0.5

Technical data - functions

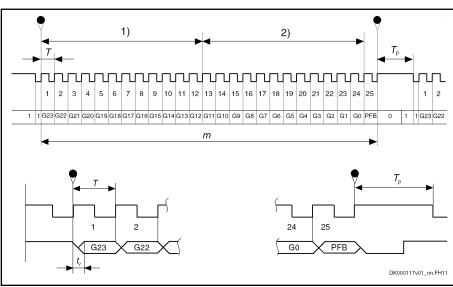
Data	Symbol	Unit	min.	typ.	max.
Output current	I <sub>Out</sub>	mA	-		20
Output frequency	f	MHz			1
Load capacitance between output and 0 V		nF			10
Terminating resistor at load	R <sub>Term</sub>	ohm	150–180		0
Overload protection	-	-	Present		
Short circuit protection	-	-	Present		t

Tab. 8-13: Differential outputs



The differential output corresponds to the RS422 specifications. On the control side, a line terminating resistor must be available for the SSI data signal. If this resistor is not available, connect an external line terminating resistor (150–180 ohm).

## Pulse diagram



1) Resolution for 4096 revolutions
2) Resolution for 1 revolution
G0 Least significant bit in Gray code
G23 Most significant bit in Gray code
m Stored parallel information
T Clock time
T Clock break > 20 us

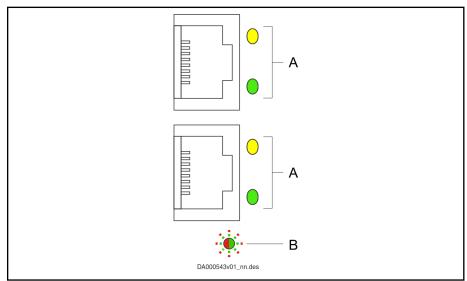
T<sub>p</sub> Clock break ≥ 20 μs t<sub>v</sub> Delay max. 200 ns

**PFB** Power failure bit (not used and always logically LOW)

Fig. 8-23: Pulse diagram with absolute actual position value output (SSI format)

## 8.3 ET - Multi-Ethernet

## 8.3.1 Display elements



A Two unicolor port LEDs

Identification: e.g. H10, H11, H12, H13

B Multicolor diagnostic LED

Identification: e.g. H24, NET ST

Fig. 8-24: ET, display elements

The LED display depends on the field bus system.

#### Port LED

- chapter "EtherNet/IP" on page 105
- chapter "EtherCAT" on page 105
- chapter "sercos III" on page 105
- chapter "PROFINET IO" on page 106

#### Diagnostic LED

- chapter "EtherNet/IP" on page 107
- chapter "EtherCAT" on page 108
- chapter "sercos III" on page 109
- chapter "PROFINET IO" on page 110

## 8.3.2 Port LED

## EtherNet/IP

LED: Color / flashing pat- tern	Significance
0	No connection
Off	No data transmission
*	Data transmission running
Permanently lit yellow	
*	Connection to network available
Permanently lit green	

Tab. 8-14: Port LED

## **EtherCAT**

## EtherCAT has only one active LED per port.

LED: Color / flashing pat- tern	Significance
0	No connection
Off	
*	Connection to network available, but no telegram exchange (EtherCAT bus inactive)
Permanently lit green	
•	Connection to network available with telegram exchange (EtherCAT bus active)
Flashing green	

Tab. 8-15: Port LED

### sercos III

LED: Color / flashing pat- tern	Significance
0	No connection
Off	No data transmission
*	Data transmission running
Permanently lit yellow	
*	Connection to network available
Permanently lit green	

Tab. 8-16: Port LED

## **PROFINET IO**

LED: Color / flashing pat- tern	Significance
0	No connection
Off	No data transmission
*	Data transmission running
Permanently lit yellow	
*	Connection to network available
Permanently lit green	

Tab. 8-17: Port LED

# 8.3.3 Diagnostic LED

## EtherNet/IP

LED: Color / flashing pattern	Significance
0	The device does not have a valid IP address or has been switched off.
Off	
•	The device has run up with a valid IP address, but does not have a cyclic connection.
Flashing green	
*	The I/O connection has been established without error.
Permanently lit green	
•	The existing I/O connection was unexpectedly aborted (e.g., watchdog).
Flashing red	
*	The "Duplicate-IP-Adress-Check" showed that the IP address which was set already exists in the network.
Permanently lit red	
	The device is running up and carries out a self test.
Flashing red-green	

Tab. 8-18: Diagnostic LED

### **EtherCAT**

LED: Color / flashing pattern 1)	Significance	Description	
Off	Status INIT	Cyclic process data and acyclic data channel are not transmitted     No error	
GN The state of	Status PRE-OPERATIONAL	Acyclic data channel is transmitted	
Green, one LED lighting up	Status SAFE-OPERATIONAL	Acyclic data channel is transmitted	
GN Permanently lit green	Status OPERATIONAL	Cyclic process data and acyclic data channel are transmitted	
Flashing red	Configuration error	General EtherCAT configuration error	
Red, one LED lighting up	Synchronization error	<ul> <li>The drive controller has not been synchronized to the EtherCAT master</li> <li>Communication error of the drive controller</li> </ul>	
Red, two LEDs lighting up	Timeout - watchdog	<ul> <li>Timeout while cyclic process data are monitored</li> <li>Watchdog of the EtherCAT master</li> </ul>	

1) Flashing pattern: One square corresponds to a duration of 200 ms; the arrow marks the end of a cycle; abbreviations on the squares: GN = LED permanently lit green, RD = LED permanently lit red, -- = LED is off

Tab. 8-19: Diagnostic LED

### sercos III

NRT mode (no sercos communication) ³)  Off  CP0 (communication phase 0 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP1 (communication phase 1 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP2 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing green  CP5 (communication phase 6 active)  Flashing green  CP6 (communication phase 7 active)  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning ⁴) (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  III  III  III  III  III  III  III	LED: Color / flashing pattern 1)	Description	Prio <sup>2)</sup>
Permanently lit orange  CP0 (communication phase 0 active)  Permanently lit orange  CP1 (communication phase 1 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP2 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange  CP4 (communication phase 5 active)  Flashing orange  CP5 (communication phase 6 active)  Flashing orange  CP6 (communication phase 7 active)  Flashing orange  CP7 (communication phase 8 active)  Flashing orange  CP8 (communication phase 8 active)  Flashing orange  CP9 (communication phase 9 active)  Flashing orange  CP9 (communication phase 1 active)  Flashing orange  CP9 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange 3 active)  Flashing orange  CP9 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange 3 active)  Flashing orange 3 active  CP9 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange 3 active  CP9 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange 3 active  CP9 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange 3 active  Flashing orange 4		NRT mode (no sercos communication) 3)	6
Permanently lit orange    CP1 (communication phase 1 active)   6	Off		
CP1 (communication phase 1 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP2 (communication phase 2 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4)  (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Communication error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification  Flashing orange  Identification  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  0	OG	CP0 (communication phase 0 active)	6
Flashing orange-green  CP2 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  Flashing green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Flashing red-orange  MST warning 4)  (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Communication  Flashing orange  Identification  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog	Permanently lit orange		
CP2 (communication phase 2 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4)  (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Communication error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Communication error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  O  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 2 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 2 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  CP5 (CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  CP6 (CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  CP6 (CP4	GN OG OG OG OG OG OG OG OG OG	CP1 (communication phase 1 active)	6
Flashing orange-green  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6 Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6 Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  RD GN RD	Flashing orange-green		
CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Permanently lit red  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP3 (communication phase 3 active)  6  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  CP4 (communica	GN OG GN OG OG OG OG OG OG OG	CP2 (communication phase 2 active)	6
Flashing orange-green  CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  Flashing green  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Flashing red-orange  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Permanently lit red  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	Flashing orange-green		
CP4 (communication phase 4 active)  6  Permanently lit green  Transition from Fast forward to Loopback  5  Flashing green  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Permanently lit red  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O  O	GN OG GN OG OG OG OG OG OG	CP3 (communication phase 3 active)	6
Permanently lit green  GN - GN	Flashing orange-green		
Flashing green  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Flashing red-orange  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Permanently lit red  GG - GG	GN	CP4 (communication phase 4 active)	6
Flashing green  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Flashing orange  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog	Permanently lit green		
Application error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Application error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Permanently lit red  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Flashing orange  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog  Internal watchdog	GN GN GN GN GN GN	Transition from Fast forward to Loopback	5
Flashing red-orange  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  MST warning 4) (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Flashing red-green  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Permanently lit red  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Flashing orange  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog	Flashing green		
Flashing red-orange  MST warning 4)  (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Flashing red-green  Communication error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Permanently lit red  Identification  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Flashing orange  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog	RD OG RD OG RD OG RD OG RD OG	Application error	4
Flashing red-green  (S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)  Communication error (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Permanently lit red  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Flashing orange  Internal watchdog  O  Internal watchdog	Flashing red-orange	(Sub-device/device error [C1D])	
Communication error  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Permanently lit red  Identification  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  RD	RD GN RD GN RD GN RD GN RD GN	MST warning 4)	3
Permanently lit red  (Sub-device/device error [C1D])  Identification (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  RD	Flashing red-green	(S-0-1045, sercos: Device Status [S-Dev], bit15)	
Permanently lit red  OG	RD	Communication error	2
Flashing orange  (S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)  Internal watchdog  0	Permanently lit red	(Sub-device/device error [C1D])	
Flashing orange  RD RD RD RD RD RD RD O	OG OG OG OG OG	Identification	1
	Flashing orange	(S-0-1044, sercos: Device Control [C-Dev], bit15)	
Flashing red	RD RD RD RD RD RD TD	Internal watchdog	0
	Flashing red		

1) Flashing pattern: One square corresponds to a duration of 250 ms; the arrow marks the end of a cycle; abbreviations on the squares: GN = LED permanently lit green, OG = LED permanently lit orange, RD = LED permanently lit red, -- = LED is off

- 2) Display priority (1 = highest priority); the state of the highest priority is displayed
- 3) NRT = None Real Time
- 4) MST = Master synchronization telegram

Tab. 8-20: Diagnostic LED

### **PROFINET IO**

LED: Color / flashing pattern	Significance
0	The device does not have a valid IP address or has been switched off.
Off	
•	The device has run up with a valid IP address, but does not have a cyclic connection.
Flashing green	
*	The I/O connection has been established without error.
Permanently lit green	
•	The existing I/O connection was unexpectedly aborted (e.g., watchdog).
Flashing red	
*	The "Duplicate-IP-Adress-Check" showed that the IP address which was set already exists in the network.
Permanently lit red	
••••	The device is running up and carries out a self test.
Flashing red-green	

Tab. 8-21: Diagnostic LED

## 8.4 PB - PROFIBUS

### **Signal Specification**

Signal	Specification
+5V	+5 V (±10%)
Repeater supply	Max. 75 mA
Repeater control signal	TTL-compatible:
	• 1: Transmit
	0: Receive
	Output resistance: 350R
	$V_{OL} \le 0.8 \text{ V at } I_{OL} \le 2 \text{ mA}$
	V <sub>OH</sub> ≥ 3.5 V at I <sub>OH</sub> ≤ 1 mA
Receive/transmit data	EIA-RS485 standard

Tab. 8-22: Signal Specification

NOTICE

Danger of destroying output
"+5V repeater supply" by overload!

Do not short-circuit the output.

Do not exceed the maximum current.

**Diagnostic Displays** 

For the significance of the diagnostic displays, see firmware documentation.

# 8.5 CN - CANopen

### **Display Elements CANopen**

LED	Significance	Color	Description
H4	Run	*	Signals operating states; see Functional Description of firmware
		Green	
H5	Error	*	Signals error states; see Functional Description of firmware
		Red	

Tab. 8-23: Significance of Display Elements for CANopen

### Main Features

Feature	CANopen
Compatibility	According to EN 50325-4
Max. possible number of nodes	127 nodes
Bus Topology	Line topology
Bus terminator (ISO 11898)	124 ohm each, 1%, 200 mW; connect at both bus ends to X61.2 and X61.7
Transmission medium	2 twisted two-wire lines (4-pin) with shield
Max. allowed bus (line) lengths	Depending on bit rate
Recommended connection cable	Our RKS number or third-party type

Tab. 8-24: Main Features

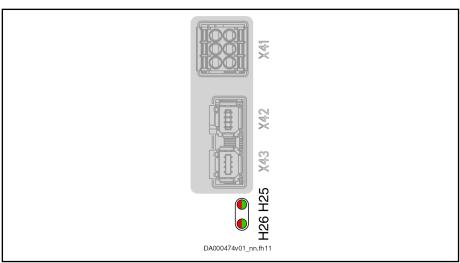
# Bus Lengths Depending on Bit Rates

Bit rate	Max. allowed network dimension
[kBaud]	[m]
1000	25
800	50
500	100
250	250
125	500
50	1000
20	2500
10	5000

Tab. 8-25: Network Dimension

# 8.6 Sx - Safe Motion, Safe Motion Bus

# 8.6.1 Display elements



H25 Bicolor LED: Safety technology status
H26 Bicolor LED: Connection status

X41, X42, X43 Not available for "Safe Motion Bus" option

Fig. 8-25: Safe Motion, display elements

Color / flashing pattern 1)	Safety technology status 3) (Safety Supervisor State / Event)	Connection status 3)	
-	<ul><li>Not active</li><li>Safety bus communication not con-</li></ul>	<ul><li>Not ready</li><li>Safety bus communication not con-</li></ul>	
Off	figured	figured	
GN GN	Active, no connection (safety default)	Ready and no active connection	
Flashing green			
GN	Active, at least one safe connection	Ready and at least one active connection	
Permanently lit green			
RD GN GN RD	Waiting for TUNID <sup>2)</sup>	Waiting for TUNID <sup>2)</sup>	
Flashing red-green	Self test and initialization	Self test and initialization	
	Identifying the axis identifier	Identifying the axis identifier	
RD RD GN GN	Indentifying the safety technology	-	
Flashing red-green			
RD GN RD GN	TUNID <sup>2)</sup> not yet set	-	
Flashing red-green			
RD RD	Abortion of connections	Faulty abortion of at least one active connection	
Flashing red			
RD	Critical error	Critical connection error	
Permanently lit red			

1) Flashing pattern: One square corresponds to a duration of 250 ms; the arrow marks the end of a cycle; abbreviations on the squares: GN = LED permanently lit green, RD = LED permanently lit red, -- = LED is off

TUNID = Target Unique Network Identifier 2) 3)

The LED display is only active with safety bus communication

via the master communication

Tab. 8-26: LED display

# 8.7 Digital inputs/outputs

## 8.7.1 General Information

The digital inputs/outputs correspond to "IEC 61131".

B

Do not operate digital outputs at low-resistance sources! In the Functional Description of the firmware, observe the Notes on Commissioning for digital inputs/outputs.

## 8.7.2 Digital inputs

Digital Inputs Type A (Standard)

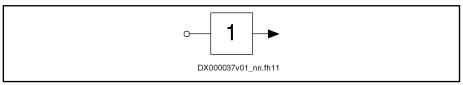


Fig. 8-26: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-3	30
High	V	15	30
Low	V	-3	5
Current consumption	mA	2	5
Control delay	μs		1000 + position control- ler clock
			200 + position controller clock 1)

1) Applies to optional I/O extension DA

Tab. 8-27: Digital Inputs Type A

### Digital inputs type B (probe)

**Function** 

See "Probe" in the Functional Description of the firmware.

#### Technical data

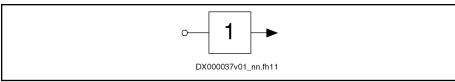
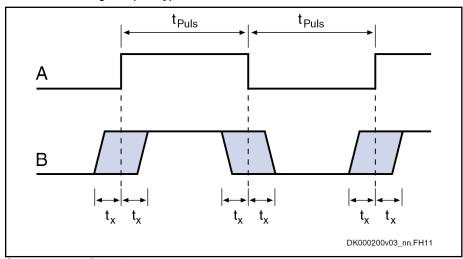


Fig. 8-27: Symbol

Data	Unit	min.	max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-3	30
High	V	15	30
Low	V	-3	5
Input current	mA	2	5
Pulse width t <sub>Puls</sub>	μs	4	
Measuring accuracy t <sub>x</sub>	μs	-1	1
Delay <sup>1)</sup>	μs		4 + position con- troller clock

1) Applies when used as a digital input. Does not apply when used as a probe.

Tab. 8-28: Digital inputs type B



A Signal

B Signal Detection at Probe Input

t<sub>Puls</sub> Pulse width

t<sub>x</sub> Measuring accuracy of the signal edges

Fig. 8-28: Signal Detection at Probe Input

Use To acquire fast digital input signals.



**Probe inputs** are "fast" inputs. For control use bounce-free switching elements (e.g. electronic switches) to avoid incorrect evaluation.

### Digital inputs (safety technology L options)

The digital inputs correspond to IEC 61131, type 2.

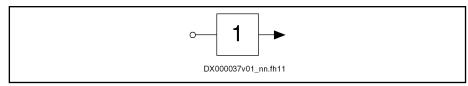


Fig. 8-29: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-3	30
High	V	11	30
Low	V	-3	5
Current consumption 1)	mA	7	15

1) For KCU02, the specified values must be multiplied with the number of zone nodes of the drive line.

Tab. 8-29: Digital inputs (safety technology L options)

## Digital Inputs (Safety Technology S Options)

The digital inputs correspond to IEC 61131, type 1.

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-3	30
High	V	15	30
Low	V	-3	5
Current consumption	mA	2	5

Tab. 8-30: Digital Inputs (Safety Technology S Options)

### 8.7.3 Digital Outputs

### **Digital Outputs (Standard)**

The digital outputs are compatible with digital inputs of types 1, 2 and 3 (IEC 61131).

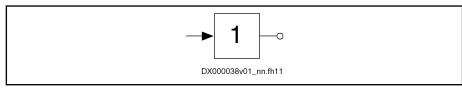


Fig. 8-30: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Output voltage ON 1)	V	U <sub>ext</sub> - 1	U <sub>ext</sub>
Output current OFF	mA		0,05
Output current ON	mA		500
Sum of output currents 2)	mA		
■ 4 outputs			<b>1</b> 000
■ 8 outputs			<b>2</b> 000
Allowed energy content of connected inductive loads <sup>3) 4)</sup>	mJ		
■ f < 0.5 Hz			<b>5</b> 00
■ f < 2 Hz			■ 200
Control delay	μs		800
			200 <sup>5)</sup>
Short circuit protection		Present	
Overload protection		Present	

- 1) U<sub>ext</sub>: Supply voltage
- When several outputs supply current simultaneously, the maximum allowed total current of these outputs must be taken into account. According to the number of outputs, the total current must be related to to 4 or 8 outputs.
- 3) In the case of inductive loads with a greater energy content, an external free-wheeling arm must be installed. The effective terminal voltage must be < 25 V.
- 4) The maximum energy content depends on the switching frequency f of the outputs
- 5) Applies to optional I/O extension DA

Tab. 8-31: Digital Outputs



- The digital outputs have been realized with high-side switches. This means that these outputs only can actively supply current.
- The energy absorption capacity of the outputs is used to limit voltage peaks caused when inductive loads are switched off.
   Limit voltage peaks by using free-wheeling diodes directly at the relay coil.

## Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)

The digital outputs are compatible with digital inputs of types 1, 2 and 3 (IEC 61131).

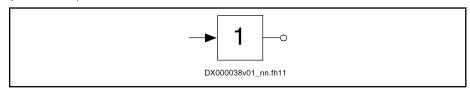


Fig. 8-31: Symbol

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Supply voltage (U <sub>ext</sub> )	V	19,2	30
Current consumption (I <sub>ext</sub> )	mA		700
Output voltage ON	V	18,2	30
Output voltage OFF	V		5
Output current ON	mA		350
Allowed energy content of con- nected inductive loads, e.g. re- lay coils; only allowed as single pulse	mJ		400
Short circuit protection		Available	
Overload protection		Available	

Tab. 8-32: Digital Outputs (Safety Technology L Options)

### Digital Outputs (Safety Technology S Options)

The digital outputs are compatible with digital inputs of types 1, 2 and 3 (IEC 61131).

Data	Unit	Min.	Max.
Output voltage ON	V	U <sub>ext</sub> - 1	U <sub>ext</sub>
Output voltage OFF	V		2
Allowed output current per output	mA		350
Allowed energy content of con- nected inductive loads, e.g. re- lay coils; only allowed as single pulse	mJ		400 1) 2)
Short circuit protection		Available	
Overload protection		Available	
Block diagram output:	<b>-</b>	OV TO	OV DA000462v02_nn.FH11
Error Detection	<ul> <li>The following errors are detected:</li> <li>Wiring error with short circuit to high</li> <li>Wiring error with short circuit to low</li> <li>Wiring error with short circuit between the two channels</li> <li>Internal errors</li> <li>In the case of an error, the control panel shows the corresponding error message: F83xx</li> </ul>		

- With a maximum switching frequency of 1 Hz
- 1) 2) In the case of inductive loads with currents > 200 mA or in the case of inductive loads with a greater energy content, an external free-wheeling arm must be installed. The effective terminal voltage must be < 25 V.

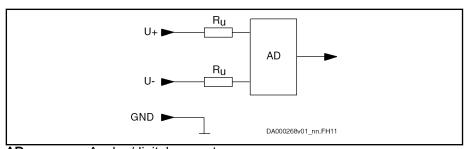
Digital Outputs Tab. 8-33:

### **Time Behavior**

Description	Unit	Min.	Max.
Test pulse width (t <sub>PL</sub> )	μs	100	200
Periodic time (T <sub>P</sub> )	ms	500	1000
Phase shift between two test pulses on both channels (φ)	ms	50	-
Out_Ch1  Out_Ch2	 	DK000356v01_nn.FH11	

Tab. 8-34: Time Behavior

# 8.8 Analog Voltage Input



AD Analog/digital converter Fig. 8-32: Analog Voltage Input

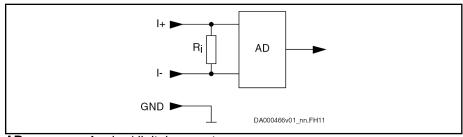
Data	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Allowed input voltage	V	-30		+30
Working range input voltage U <sub>on_work</sub>	V	-10		+10
Input resistance R <sub>u</sub>	kΩ	150		300
Input bandwidth (-3 dB)	kHz		1,3	
Common-mode range	V	-30		+30
Common-mode rejection	dB	50		
Relative measuring error at 90% U <sub>on_work</sub>	%	-1		+1
Resolution	Bit		14 <sup>1)</sup>	
			13 <sup>2)</sup>	
Cables		For cable lengths > 30 m, only use shielded cables.		

1) Applies to: Cxx02 control sections (X32), optional I/O extension DA (X38), HCS01 drive controllers (X32)

2) Applies to: Control sections with extended scope CSx02.1B (X35), CDB02.1B (X36)

Tab. 8-35: Analog Voltage Input

#### 8.9 **Analog Current Input**



Analog/digital converter Analog Current Input Fig. 8-33:

Data	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Allowed input current	mA	0		+35
Working range input current I <sub>on_work</sub>	mA	0		+20
Input resistance R <sub>i</sub>	Ω			300
Input bandwidth (-3 dB)	kHz		1,3	
Common-mode range	V	-30		+30
Common-mode rejection	dB	50		
Resolution	Bit		12 <sup>1)</sup>	
			11 <sup>2)</sup>	
Cables		For cable lengths > 30 m, only use shielded cables.		

- Applies to: Optional I/O extension DA (X38)
- 1) 2) Applies to: Control sections with extended scope CSx02.1B

(X35), CDB02.1B (X36)

Tab. 8-36: Analog Current Input

# 8.10 Analog Output

Data	Unit	min	Тур.	max
Output voltage	V	-10		+10
Output load, ohmic	kΩ	2		
Output load, capacitive	nF			100
Resolution	mV/incr		24	
Conversion time (incl. response time)	μs			750 250 <sup>1)</sup>
Output clock		Positi	on controller	
Precision (in relation to the measuring range)			with load ≥	
Short circuit protection			Present	
Overload protection			Present	

1) Applies to optional I/O extension DA

Tab. 8-37: Analog Output

# 8.11 Relay Contacts

**Bosch Rexroth AG** 

# 8.11.1 Relay Contact Type 2

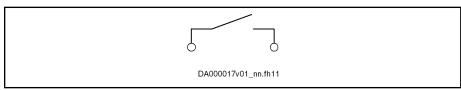


Fig. 8-34: Relay contact

Data	Unit	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Current carrying capacity	mA	10		1000
Voltage load capacity	V			30
Contact resistance at minimum current	mΩ			1000
Switching actions at max. time constant of load			1 × 10 <sup>6</sup>	
Number of mechanical switching cycles			1 × 10 <sup>8</sup>	
Time constant of load	ms		ohmic	
Pick up delay	ms			10
Drop out delay	ms			10

Tab. 8-38: Relay Contacts Type 2

### 9 Technical data - other

## 9.1 Power consumption

### 9.1.1 General information

The power consumption of the control sections consists of the following components:

- Basic equipment
- Optional equipment



The control sections are supplied via the terminal connectors 24V and 0V at the power section (24 V supply).

### 9.1.2 Basic circuit boards of control section



According to the options with which the configurable control sections have been equipped, the power consumption of the optional modules has to be added. This does not change the data for inrush current and pulse width.

The power consumption is specified as the maximum value of the respective component and can occur at individual components. In drive systems with several components, the occurring power consumption under statistical assumptions will be lower than the calculated one.

Control section	Power consumption $P_{N3}$ at $U_{N3} = DC 24 V$ [W]	max. inrush current I <sub>EIN3</sub> [A]	max. pulse width  EIN3Lade  [ms]
CSB02.1A	17 <sup>1)</sup>	< 5	1
CSB02.xB	17 <sup>1)</sup>		
CDB02.1B	23 2) 3)		
CSH02.1B	17 <sup>2) 3)</sup>		

- 1) Incl. "EC" encoder interface, corresponding communication and control panel
- 2) Incl. control panel and "PFM" memory card
- 3) At maximum allowed output load, plus power consumption of optional modules
- Tab. 9-1: Power consumption of control sections



The isolated inputs/outputs at X31, X35 and X36 are not supplied via the connections of the 24 V supply of the power section. A separate power supply is required for these inputs/outputs.

#### Optional modules 9.1.3

Option <sup>1)</sup>	Optional module	Power consumption P <sub>N3</sub> <sup>2)</sup>
		[W]
CN	CANopen communication	1.5
EC	Multi-encoder systems	1.1
EM	Emulation of absolute and incremental encoders	1.2
ET	Multi-Ethernet	2.7
L3	Safe Torque Off	1.0
РВ	PROFIBUS-DP communication	1.1
S4	Safe Motion	2.5
S5	Safe Motion	2.5
SB	Safe Motion Bus	2.5

See type codes of the control sections

1) 2) At maximum allowed output load, plus circuits to be supplied

Tab. 9-2: Power consumption of optional modules

## 9.2 Connection points

### 9.2.1 General information

The connection points at control sections are equipped with spring terminals and screw terminal blocks.



To connect 2 conductors in one terminal connecting point:

- Use stranded wires with min. 0.5 mm<sup>2</sup> and max. 1.0 mm<sup>2</sup>
- Use wires of the same cross section
- Use TWIN ferrules

# 9.2.2 Connection points with spring terminals

Spring terminals can be wired with wire ends equipped with or without ferrules. Preferably use wire ends without ferrules.

When assembling the connections, make sure

- that the stripped length of the wire ends is 10 mm
- that all strands of a stranded wire are placed in the funnel of the terminal connector
- not to use solid wires, where possible
- to use appropriate crimping tools for the wire ends with ferrules

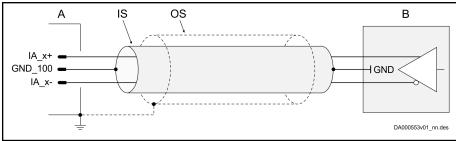
### 9.2.3 Connection points with screw terminal blocks

On screw terminal blocks, use wire ends with ferrules. Make sure to use appropriate crimping tools.

When assembling the connections, make sure that all strands of a stranded wire are placed in the funnel of the terminal connector.

#### Analog inputs/outputs: Shield connection 9.3

#### 9.3.1 **Analog input**

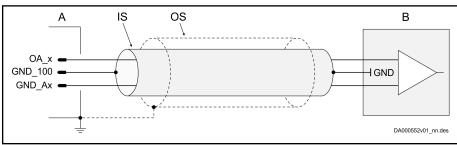


Analog input of the drive controller; only connect the inner shield of the connection cable to the drive controller if GND has not been connected to ground in the external device.

В External device

Inner shield of the connection cable IS os Overall shield of the connection cable Fig. 9-1: Shield connection for analog inputs

#### 9.3.2 **Analog output**



Analog output of drive controller

В External device; only connect the inner shield of the connection cable to the external device if GND has not been connected to ground in the external device.

IS Inner shield of the connection cable os Overall shield of the connection cable Fig. 9-2: Shield connection for analog outputs

Accessories

## 10 Accessories

There are the following accessories for control sections:

- HSZ01 safety zone module
  - With the HSZ01 safety zone module it is possible to set up a safety zone with a maximum of 26 drive units.
- HAT02 control module for inductive loads
  - HAT02 control module is used to safely control an inductive load, such as a self-applying motor holding brake, hydraulic/pneumatic valve, contactor.

Environmental protection and disposal

#### 11 Environmental protection and disposal

#### **Environmental protection** 11.1

Production processes

The products are made with energy- and resource-optimized production processes which allow re-using and recycling the resulting waste. We regularly try to replace pollutant-loaded raw materials and supplies by more environment-friendly alternatives.

No release of hazardous substan-

Our products do not contain any hazardous substances which may be released in the case of appropriate use. Normally, our products will not have any negativ influences on the environment.

Significant components

Basically, our products contain the following components:

Electronic devices	Motors
• steel	<ul> <li>steel</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>aluminum</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>aluminum</li> </ul>
• copper	<ul><li>copper</li></ul>
<ul> <li>synthetic materials</li> </ul>	• brass

electronic components and modules

· magnetic materials

electronic components and modules

#### **Disposal** 11.2

Return of products

Our products can be returned to our premises free of charge for disposal. It is a precondition, however, that the products are free of oil, grease or other dirt.

Furthermore, the products returned for disposal must not contain any undue foreign material or foreign components.

Send the products "free domicile" to the following address:

Bosch Rexroth AG Electric Drives and Controls Buergermeister-Dr.-Nebel-Strasse 2 97816 Lohr am Main, Germany

**Packaging** 

The packaging materials consist of cardboard, wood and polystyrene. These materials can be recycled anywhere without any problem.

For ecological reasons, please refrain from returning the empty packages to

**Batteries and accumulators** 

Batteries and accumulators can be labeled with this symbol.

The symbol indicating "separate collection" for all batteries and accumulators is the crossed-out wheeled bin.

The end user within the EU is legally obligated to return used batteries. Outside the validity of the EU Directive 2006/66/EC keep the stipulated directives.

Used batteries can contain hazardous substances, which can harm the environment or the people's health when they are improper stored or disposed of.

After use, the batteries or accumulators contained in Rexroth products have to be properly disposed of according to the country-specific collection.

Recycling

Most of the products can be recycled due to their high content of metal. In order to recycle the metal in the best possible way, the products must be disassembled into individual modules.

### Environmental protection and disposal

Metals contained in electric and electronic modules can also be recycled by means of special separation processes.

Products made of plastics can contain flame retardants. These plastic parts are labeled according to EN ISO 1043. They have to be recycled separately or disposed of according to the valid legal requirements.

Service and support

# 12 Service and support

Our worldwide service network provides an optimized and efficient support. Our experts offer you advice and assistance should you have any queries. You can contact us **24/7**.

Service Germany

Our technology-oriented Competence Center in Lohr, Germany, is responsible for all your service-related queries for electric drive and controls.

Contact the Service Hotline and Service Helpdesk under:

Phone: +49 9352 40 5060 Fax: +49 9352 18 4941

E-mail: service.svc@boschrexroth.de
Internet: http://www.boschrexroth.com/

Additional information on service, repair (e.g. delivery addresses) and training can be found on our internet sites.

Service worldwide

Outside Germany, please contact your local service office first. For hotline numbers, refer to the sales office addresses on the internet.

Preparing information

To be able to help you more quickly and efficiently, please have the following information ready:

- Detailed description of malfunction and circumstances
- Type plate specifications of the affected products, in particular type codes and serial numbers
- Your contact data (phone and fax number as well as your e-mail address)

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**Notes** 

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